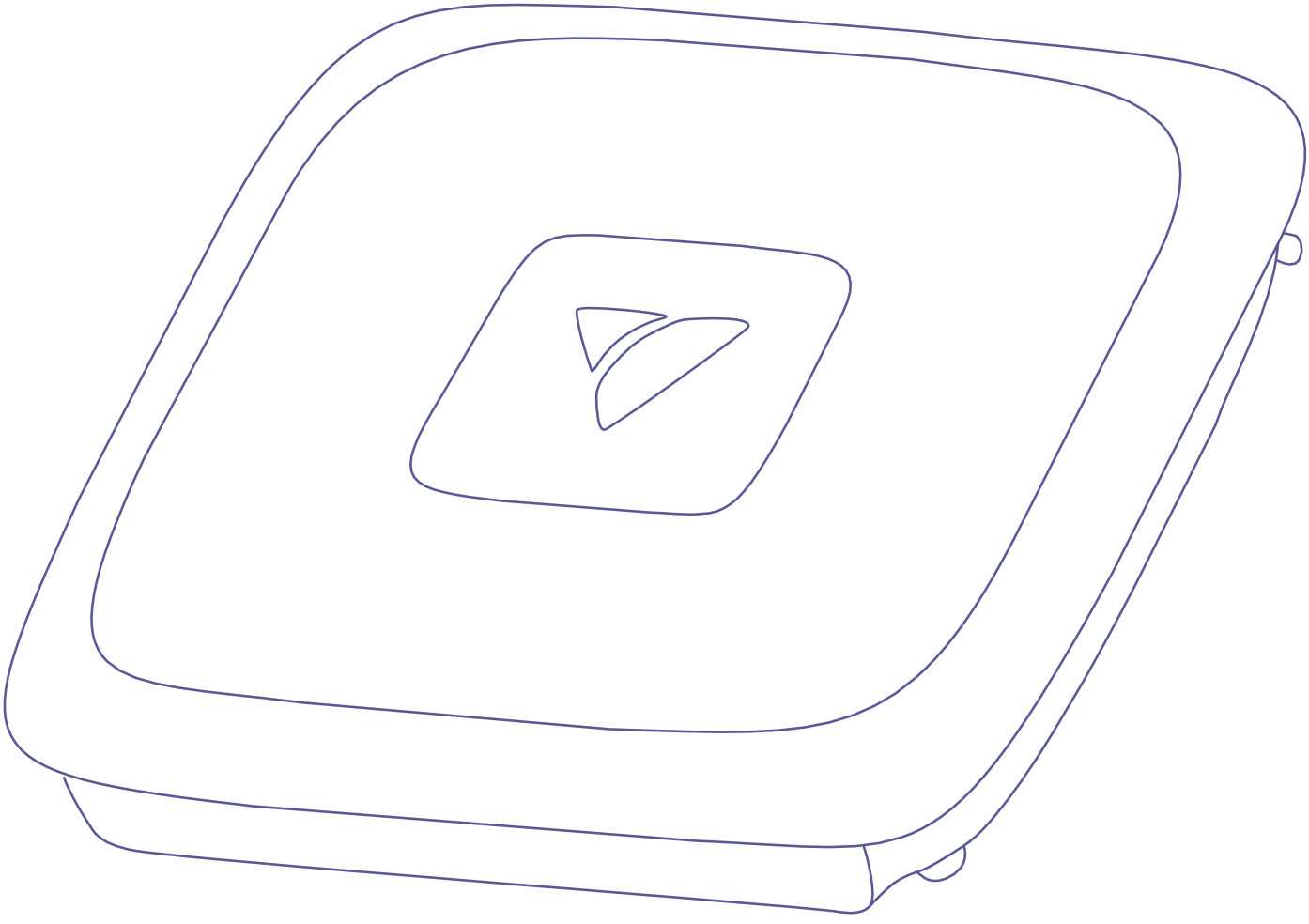
VeeaHub Manager Guide



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Preface

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Approval

Name	Date	Signature

Document History

Issue	Issue Date	Approved	Author	Description
3.0	2020-09-15		RB	First merged version for Android and Apple
3.1	2020-11-24		RB	Version 2.7.0: User interface changes
3.2	2021-01-20		RB	Version 2.8.0: Multitenancy, Wi-Fi security and Port configuration.
3.3	2021-03-08		RB	Version 2.9.0: Home, Settings, Port and SSID screens changed
3.4	2021-03-31		RB	Version 2.10.0: Client isolation; changes to Dashboard, About VeeaHub, Wi-Fi, LAN, DHCP, Reserved IPs, vMesh, Firewall
3.5	2021-04-27		RB	Version 2.11.0: Enhancements to many screens, automatic configuration for wired mesh

1. Introduction

1.1. About VeeaHub Manager

VeeaHub Manager is a configuration and diagnostic tool for the VeeaHub and networks of VeeaHubs. It is used to add new VeeaHubs to a network, and to configure the network for specific purposes.

VeeaHub Manager is available as an app on both Apple and Android mobile devices. This guide covers both apps.

1.2. What You Need

- VeeaHub or VeeaHubs running release 2.17.0 platform software or later.
- Phone or tablet running Android 5 or later, or iPhone or iPad running software version 11 or later.
- VeeaHub Manager version 2.11.0 or later, available from Google Play for Android devices and from the Apple Store for iPhone and iPad.

1.3. Using this Guide

This guide includes information and instructions for both Android and Apple devices. In general, the screens are very similar, and throughout this document the Android screens are used to illustrate what you can expect to see.

In a few cases there are differences in display or behavior in the two types of device, and in these cases the differences will be highlighted:

Android	**Highlight in yellow**
Apple	**Highlight in blue**

1.4. Please Note

The VeeaHub range comprises a number of models that are subject to continuing improvement. Not all information in this Guide is applicable to all models, and there are differences of functionality between models.

What you see on the screen may vary depending on:

- The version of VeeaHub Manager (Android or Apple)
- The model of VeeaHub, how it is configured for the network and what subscribed services it is running
- The type of your mobile device (phone or tablet) and its screen size
- The current release of the VeeaHub software
- The current release of the VeeaHub Manager app

Screen images in this document can only be an approximate guide. In specific cases the layout may vary, and particular options may not be available.

Note especially that if you have services installed on your mesh, such as vTPN, those may configure some of the options and they will not be configurable from VeeaHub Manager.

2. Getting Started

For a Quick Start Guide to your VeeaHub, and other information that is useful if you are new to VeeaHub, see veea.com/support.

2.1. Starting VeeaHub Manager

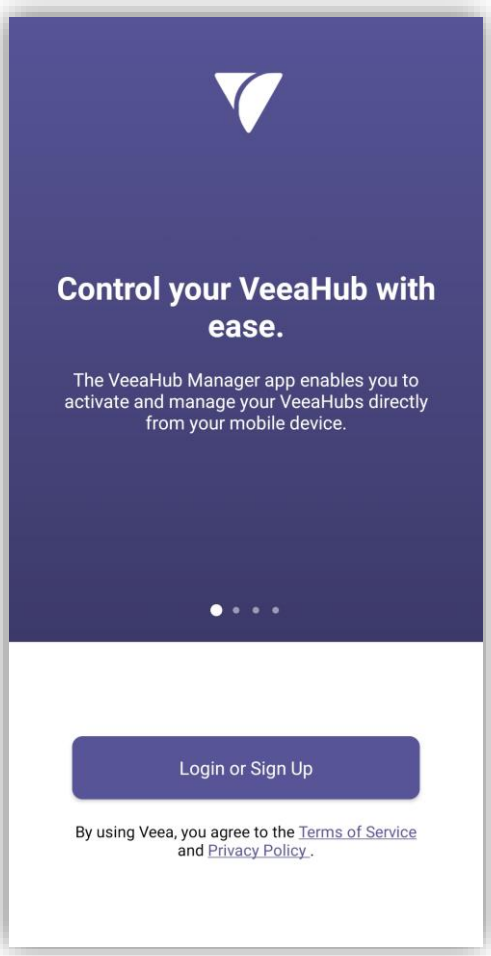
To start VeeaHub Manager, tap the VeeaHub Manager app icon (Figure 1).

Figure 1 – VeeaHub Manager App Icon

2.2. Adding the VeeaHub to your Veea Account

When you first open the VeeaHub Manager app, the License screen shown in Figure 2 is displayed.

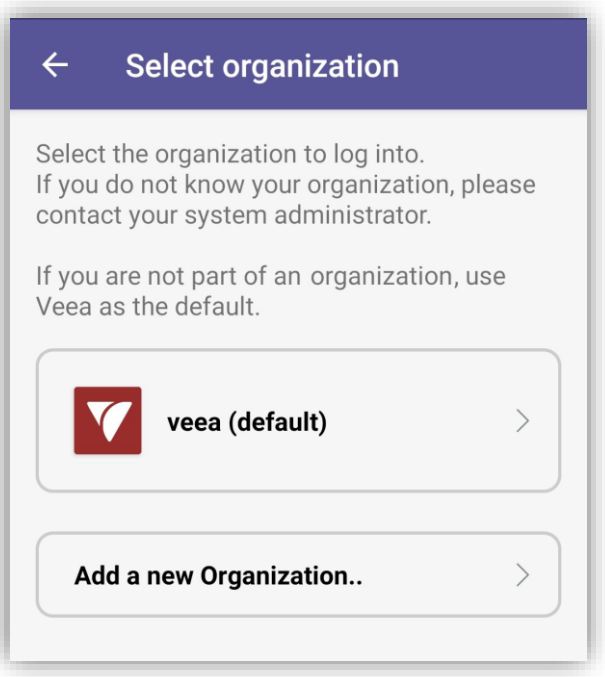
Figure 2 – VeeaHub Manager License Screen



On passing this screen you accept the Veea Terms of Service and Privacy Policy. If you are not currently logged into your Veea account, you will be required to log in. If so, the next step is to choose the organization you belong to (Figure 3).

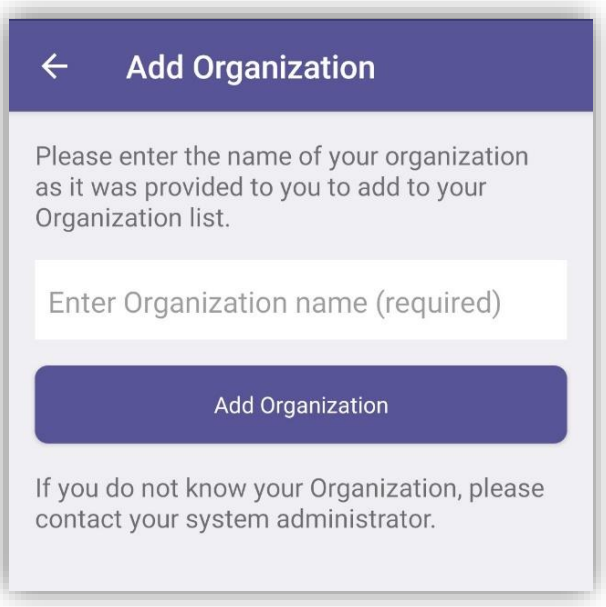
If you are using a VeeaHub in a business or other organization, you will be given the necessary information by your administrator, so select **Add a new Organization**. In other cases, choose the **Veea** option.

Figure 3 – Selecting your Organization



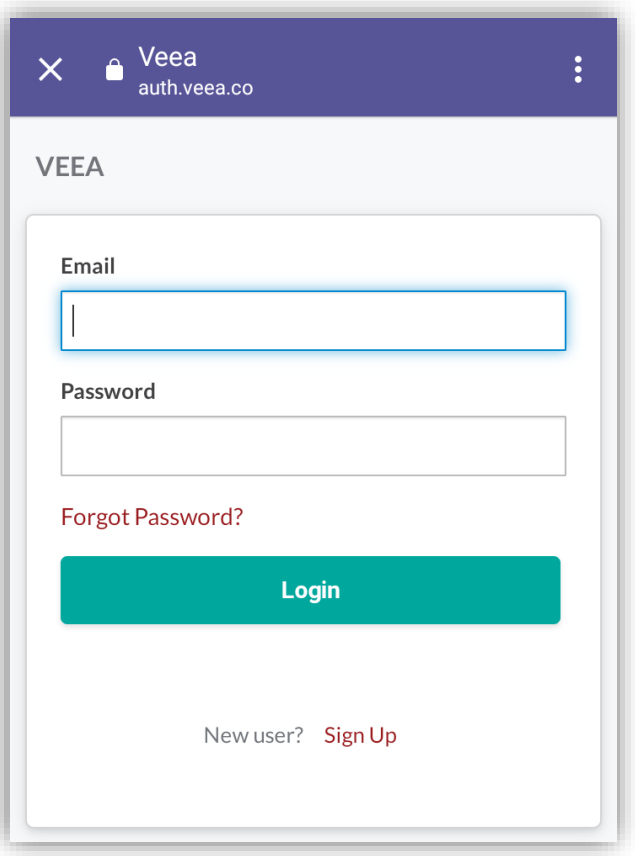
If you are in an organization and have been given a login, add the organization name in the screen in Figure 4.

Figure 4 – Adding Organization



Log in as shown in Figure 5. If you do not have a Veea account, you can sign up for one at this point.

Figure 5 – Login



If you have a new VeeaHub, you should add it to your account at this stage. Follow the instructions on screen. For further information, see veea.com/support

When you add a VeeaHub, you can create a new mesh network or you can add the unit to an existing mesh. A mesh is a self-organizing network of VeeaHubs.

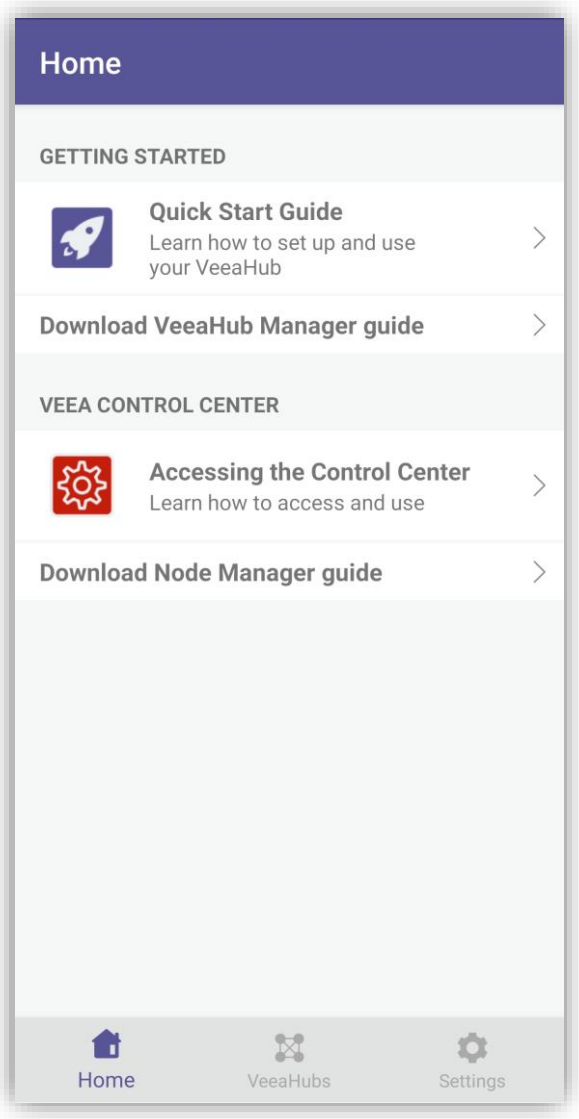
Note: if you are setting up a network consisting of different models of VeeaHubs, the first VeeaHub in the network should be a VHE or VHH model.

If your gateway VeeaHub is a VHC05, then the mesh must be built only with VHC05 VeeaHubs.

This step also adds the unit to Veea Control Center, where you can monitor your VeeaHubs and mesh networks.

After you have logged in and added any new VeeaHubs to your account, you are taken to the Home screen (Figure 6), which links to information about your VeeaHub, VeeaHub Manager and Control Center.

Figure 6 – Home Screen



When you have added a non-gateway VeeaHub (MN) to the network, ensure that the Ethernet cable is removed, as the VeeaHub is now connected to the gateway (MEN), and a DHCP conflict will occur if the MN is still connected (see section 4.9).

2.3. Wired mesh

VeeaHubs can be connected into a mesh using Ethernet cable as easily as they can be connected using the default wireless mesh. The wired mesh is automatically configured to provide full connectivity and redundancy. The mesh can include both wired and wireless connections between VeeaHubs or it can be entirely wired or wireless. Once you have activated the hubs you can connect them together with cables as required and the mesh will do the necessary configuration. For more information about different topologies, see veea.com/support

If the mesh is intended to be entirely wired, the wireless mesh can be turned off (section 4.6.1), but this is not essential.

2.4. Adding a VeeaHub to an account over 4G cellular connection

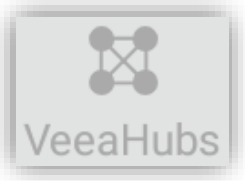
The VeeaHub can be bootstrapped over a cellular connection. This might be required, for example, where the hub is installed in a remote location, and is intended to use only 4G service as the WAN. To enable this, the unit must come preconfigured for 4G. Alternatively, you should contact Veea Support for configuration of the device using software on a USB memory stick or SD card.

When configured, the VeeaHub holds a database of available Access Point Names (APNs), which are the data required to connect to a designated cellular network compatible with the VeeaHub service. If this is not possible because the database is not up to date, contact Veea Support.

2.5. After Adding the VeeaHub

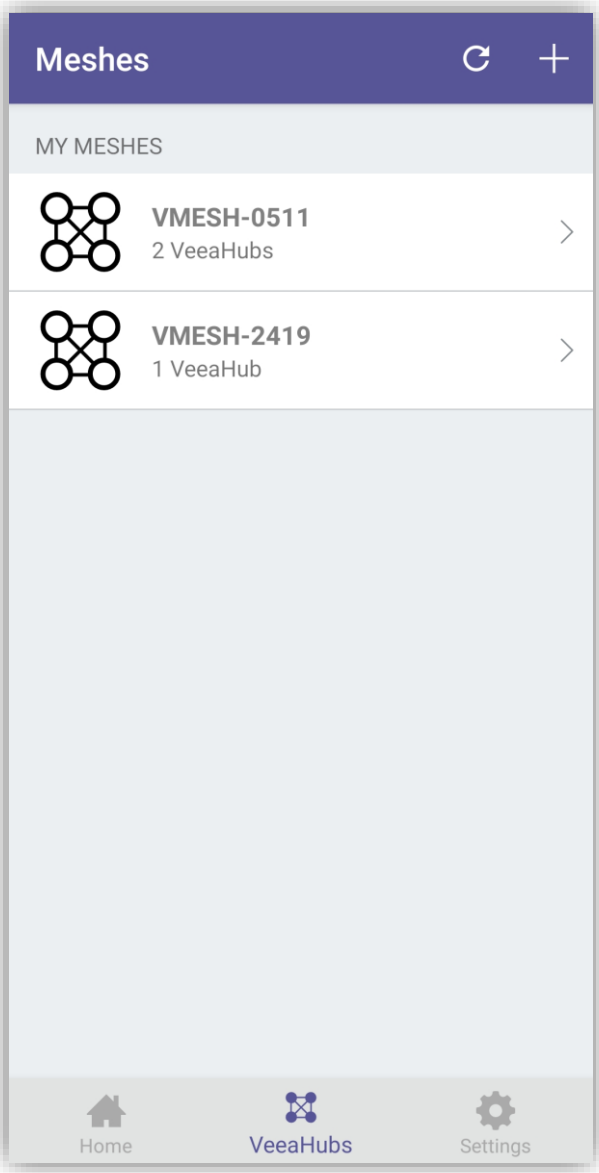
The VeeaHub Manager app is used to configure VeeaHubs and VeeaHub networks to meet your specific requirements.

1. Log in to VeeaHub Manager.
2. Tap the VeeaHubs icon on the Home screen (Figure 6).



3. Select the network from My Meshes (Figure 7).

Figure 7 – My Meshes: Selecting a Mesh

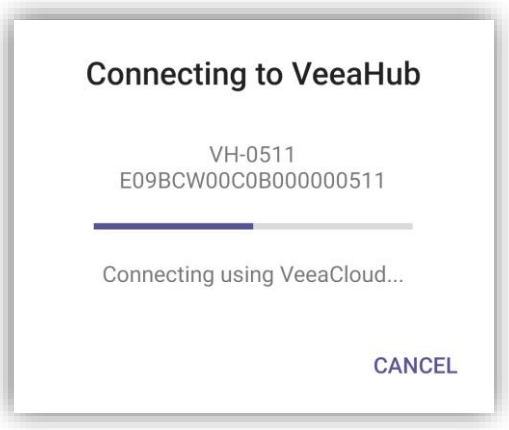


4. All the VeeaHubs in the mesh are listed in the next screen. (If you have a stand-alone VeeaHub, just the one is listed here.) Tap the VeeaHub you wish to monitor or configure (Figure 8).

Figure 8 – Selecting a VeeaHub

5. After you select the VeeaHub**,** VeeaHub Manager connects to it (Figure 9).

Figure 9 – Connecting to VeeaHub



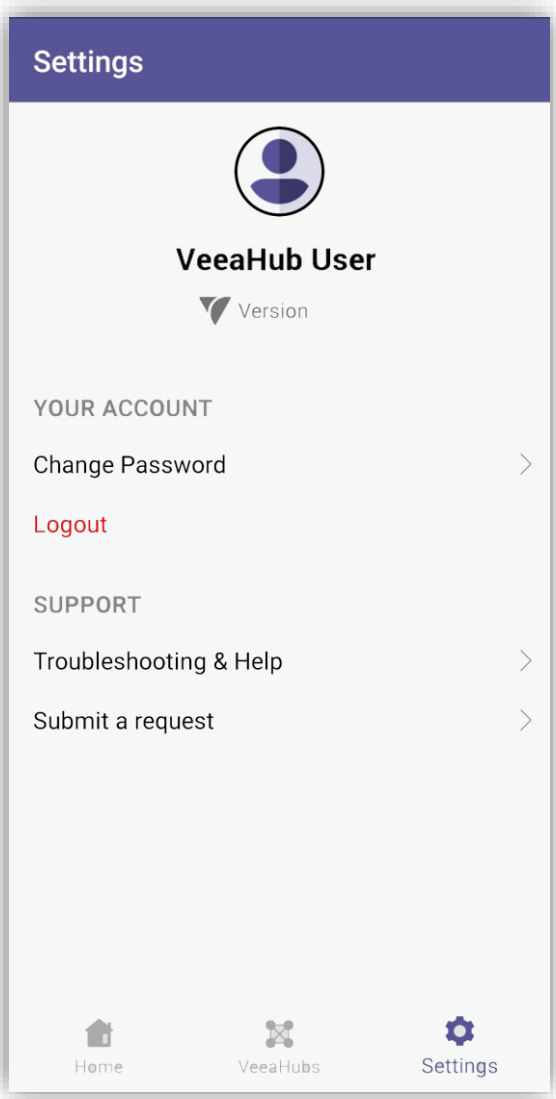
After the selected VeeaHub is connected, the Dashboard screen appears as in the example shown in Figure 11. For details of the functions accessible through the Dashboard, see section 3.

2.6. Settings Screen

This screen provides links to:

- Change your account password: this changes access to Control Center as well as VeeaHub Manager.
- Log out of your account: you will no longer be able to access your VeeaHubs with this mobile device until you log in again.
- Access troubleshooting and other help information.
- Access a link to contact Support.

Figure 10 – Settings Screen



3. Using VeeaHub Manager

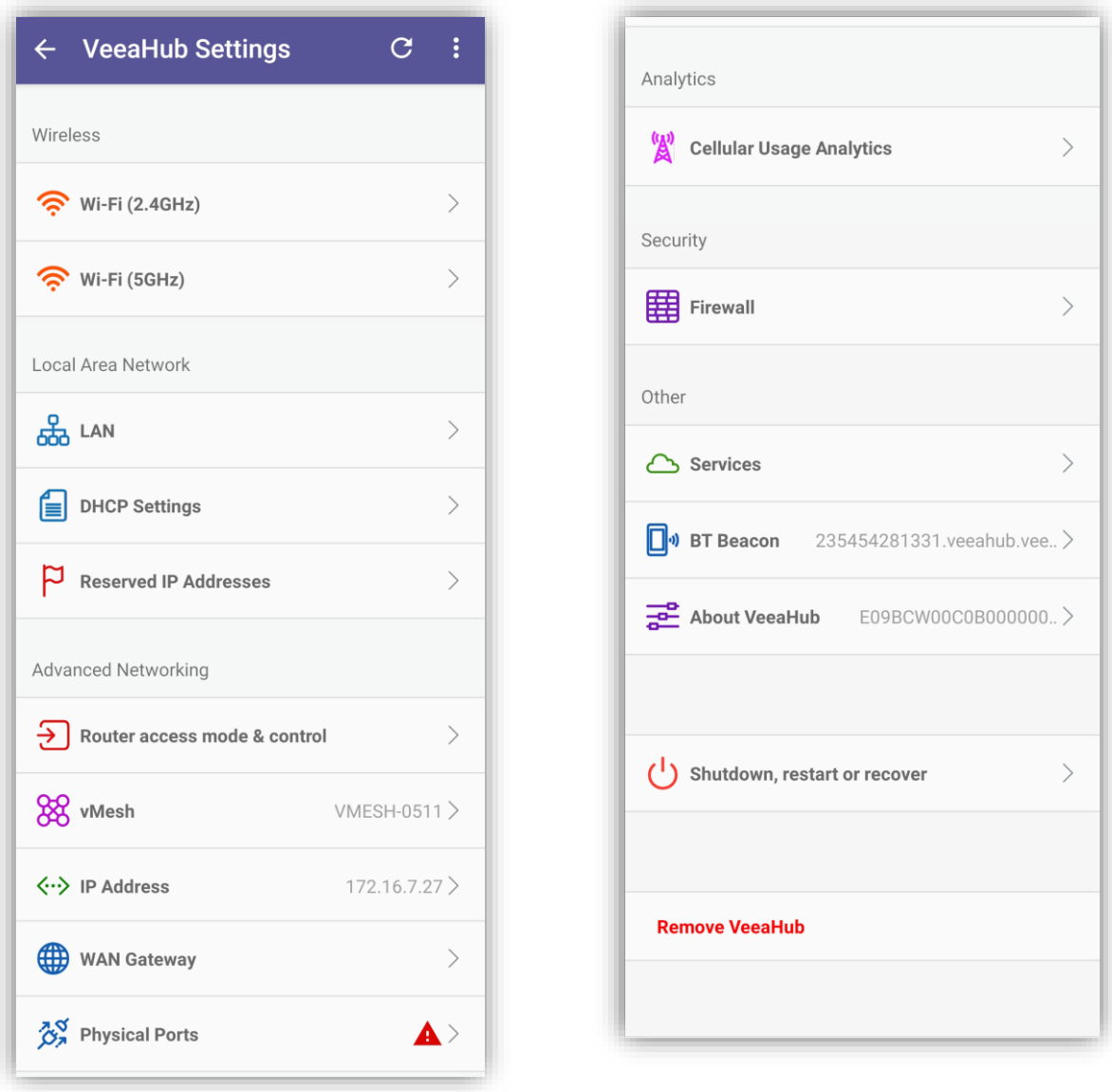
3.1. Dashboard

The screen displayed when you first connect to a VeeaHub is the Dashboard (VeeaHub Settings, Figure 11). This shows links to the screens that you can use to configure the VeeaHub.

Note that the options you see on the screen depend the VeeaHub model and its current configuration.

Some lines in the Dashboard show additional information, and they may also display warning symbols. The colors of the warning symbols are explained in Table 1.

Figure 11 – Dashboard (Example Layout)



Colored icons indicate the status as described in Table 1.

Table 1 – Icon Colors

icon Color	Description
Amber	The function is in an administrative state and functionality is currently disabled.
Red	The function is not operational.

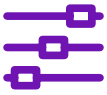
3.2. Icons and Links

Tap on a Dashboard line to view current status information and to choose configuration options related to that function.

The functions shown in Figure 11 are described in Table 2. Details can be found in the following sections.

Table 2 – Dashboard Links

Icon	Description	Function
Network		
	**Wi-Fi (2.4GHz)**	Opens the Wi-Fi Access Point configuration screen for settings of the 2.4GHz virtual APs. See Section 4.1
	**Wi-Fi (5GHz)**	Opens the Wi-Fi Access Point configuration screen for settings of the 5GHz virtual APs (where available). See Section 4.1
Local Area Network		
	**LAN**	Opens the LAN (Local Area Network) configuration screen. See Section 4.2
	**DHCP Settings**	Opens the DHCP configuration screen for assigning IP address ranges and DNS settings. See section 4.3
	**Reserved IP Addresses**	Opens the Reserved IPs configuration screen to apply fixed IP addresses to devices. See Section 4.4
Advanced Networking		
	**Router access mode & control**	Opens the Router configuration screen. See Section 4.5
	**vMesh** Displays the mesh name	Opens the vMesh configuration screen for mesh settings. See Section 4.6
	**IP Address** Displays the IP address	Opens the Internet Protocol (IP) address configuration screen. See Section 4.7
	**WAN Gateway** Displays the current backhaul type	Opens the WAN (Wide Area Network) configuration screens for WAN interface and backhaul settings. See Section 4.8
	**Physical Ports**	Opens the Physical Ports configuration screen to configure the Ethernet ports. See section 4.9

Icon	Description	Function
Analytics		
	**Cellular Usage Analytics**	Displays statistics for the cellular backhaul. See Section 4.10
Security		
	**Firewall**	Opens the Firewall configuration screen, to create or amend Firewall rules. See Section 4.11
Other		
	**Services**	View interfaces to view information about optional services and subscriptions that you have installed. See Section 4.12
	**Bluetooth Beacon** Displays the Bluetooth subdomain	Opens the Beacon screen. See Section 4.13
	**About VeeaHub** Displays VeeaHub serial number	Opens the About VeeaHub screen. See Section 4.14
	**Shutdown, Restart or Recover**	Opens the Power Control screen, for shutdown, restart and system recovery options. See Section4.15


The three-dot icon at top right displays the full VeeaHub Manager version number, for support purposes.

3.3. Common Controls

Some common controls, as seen in the following screens, and their actions are listed in Table 3.

Table 3 – Common Controls

Android	Function
APPLY	Tap **APPLY** to close the screen, applying any changes that you have made. These changes are sent to the VeeaHub, which then performs the required configuration change.
CANCEL	Tap **CANCEL** to close the screen without applying changes. The VeeaHub Manager returns to the Dashboard screen.
DONE	Tap **DONE** to leave a screen that gives only information with no configuration options.
 **Refresh**	Tap this icon to refresh the current screen with updated information.

Apple	Function
Apply	Tap **Apply** to close the screen, applying any changes that you have made. These changes are sent to the VeeaHub, which then performs the required configuration change.
Cancel	Tap **Cancel** to close the screen without applying changes. The VeeaHub returns to the Dashboard screen.
 **Back**	Tap **Back** to close the screen without making any changes.
 **Refresh**	Tap this icon to refresh the current screen with updated information.

4. Configuration Screens

4.1. Wi-Fi Access Point Configuration (2.4GHz and 5GHz)

Tap the Wi-Fi 2.4GHz or Wi-Fi 5GHz option on the Dashboard to configure the wireless Access Points (APs). The Wi-Fi 5GHz option is not enabled on the VCH05 VeeaHub unless the wireless mesh is disabled (section 4.6).

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz is used for configuring channels in the 2.4 GHz band and Wi-Fi 5GHz is for channels in the 5 GHz band. The actual channels available for use depend on your location and national regulations.

The VeeaHub supports up to four virtual APs on each band (three on the VHC05). These APs are multiplexed on a single Wi-Fi device across a single Wi-Fi channel, which is configured for all of the four virtual APs.

The configuration is split into two tabs **Wi-Fi** (section 4.1.1) and **Radio** (section 4.1.2).

You may wish to hide one or more SSIDs so that they are not broadcast to Wi-Fi devices. In this case, users will need to know an SSID in order to connect to it.

4.1.1. Wi-Fi Tab (2.4GHz, and 5GHz)

The Wi-Fi tab is shown in Figure 12, with its associated parameters described in Table 4.

These settings allow configuration of Wi-Fi parameters. The tab for 2.4GHz is described here. The tab for 5GHz is similar.

Note that the **Security Type** option does not appear on the VHC05 but is replaced by a simple **Password** option.

Figure 12 – Wi-Fi Configuration

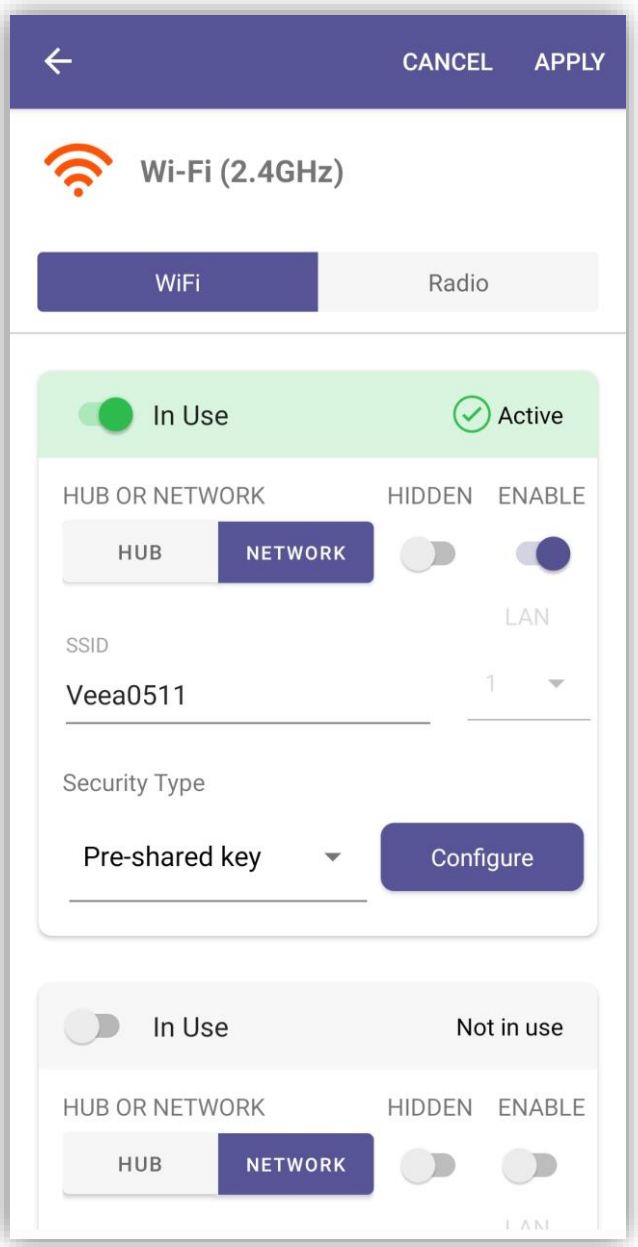


Table 4 – Wi-Fi Configuration (2.4GHz, and 5GHz)

Name	Description
In Use	Select the In Use control to use this AP on this hub. If the Enabled switch is on, the AP has the settings that are configured here. If the Enabled switch is off, the AP is disabled on this VeeaHub, even if it is configured for the whole network (see Hub or Network, below).
Status	At the right of the In Use option, the current status of this AP is displayed with a symbol, for example, Active, Not in use, Disabled, Incomplete, Changes not applied
Hub/Network	On the gateway VeeaHub (MEN), set this to Network to apply the settings to this AP on all nodes across the VeeaHub network. On any VeeaHub, set this to Hub to apply the settings to the AP on this node alone. This overrides any mesh-wide settings for this AP.
Hidden	When set this hides the SSID from client devices.
Enabled	See **In Use** above.
SSID	This is used to specify the SSID for the virtual AP.
Security Type (not on VHC05)	This displays the type of security in effect on this AP. The default is PSK. Tap on **Configure** in order to make changes to this setting. For details, see section 4.1.3.
Password (VHC05 only)	Specify a password that the user must enter in order to connect to this AP. Leave blank if a password Is not required.
Second, third and fourth virtual AP controls	Scroll down to see these. These are the network controls for the other virtual APs, which replicate the layout as shown above for the first virtual AP.

The icon and background color of an SSID entry give information about the state of the AP. For further details, see the Status message displayed.

	**Green**	The AP is active and properly configured for this setting
	**Blue**	The AP is configured for the network (if Hub is selected) or configured for this VeeaHub (if Network is selected)
	**Orange**	The AP is disabled
	**Red**	The AP is non-operational
	**Yellow**	The configuration of this AP is incomplete
	**No color**	The AP is waiting for you to **Apply** a change in configuration
	No color	The AP is not in use

4.1.2. Radio Tab (2.4GHz, and 5GHz)

This Radio tab is shown in Figure 13 with its associated parameters described in Table 5.

Use this tab to set radio configuration options for the 2.4 GHz APs. The screen for 5 GHz range is similar.

The available channels depend on the country where the VeeaHub has been registered, because local regulations vary. They also depend on the capabilities of the VeeaHub model, for example, the VHE10 has upper and lower 5GHz bands.

When Auto Selection is on, the AP channel is automatically chosen for you, based on various measurements of the quality of the signal. These measurements can be seen using the **Wi-Fi Network Scan** option. You can override this selection by choosing a single channel from those available, and you can also restrict the selection of channels that Auto Select uses.

Auto Select is not dynamic: once the channel has been selected, this applies until the VeeaHub is restarted, or until you choose another option.

Auto Select is not available in certain circumstances, for example, on the VHC09 the 5 GHz radio is shared by the APs and the wireless mesh, and the frequency channel is selected by the option on the Mesh screen (section 4.6).

For VeeaHubs registered in the UK: UK regulations were changed in August 2017 to allow Wi-Fi usage on channels 144, 149, 153, 157, 161 and 165. Older mobile devices supplied in the UK may not be able to connect to those channels. If there are problems connecting to the VeeaHub network on the 5GHz band, we recommend excluding those channels from the Auto Channel whitelist.

Figure 13 – Wi-Fi Access Point – Radio

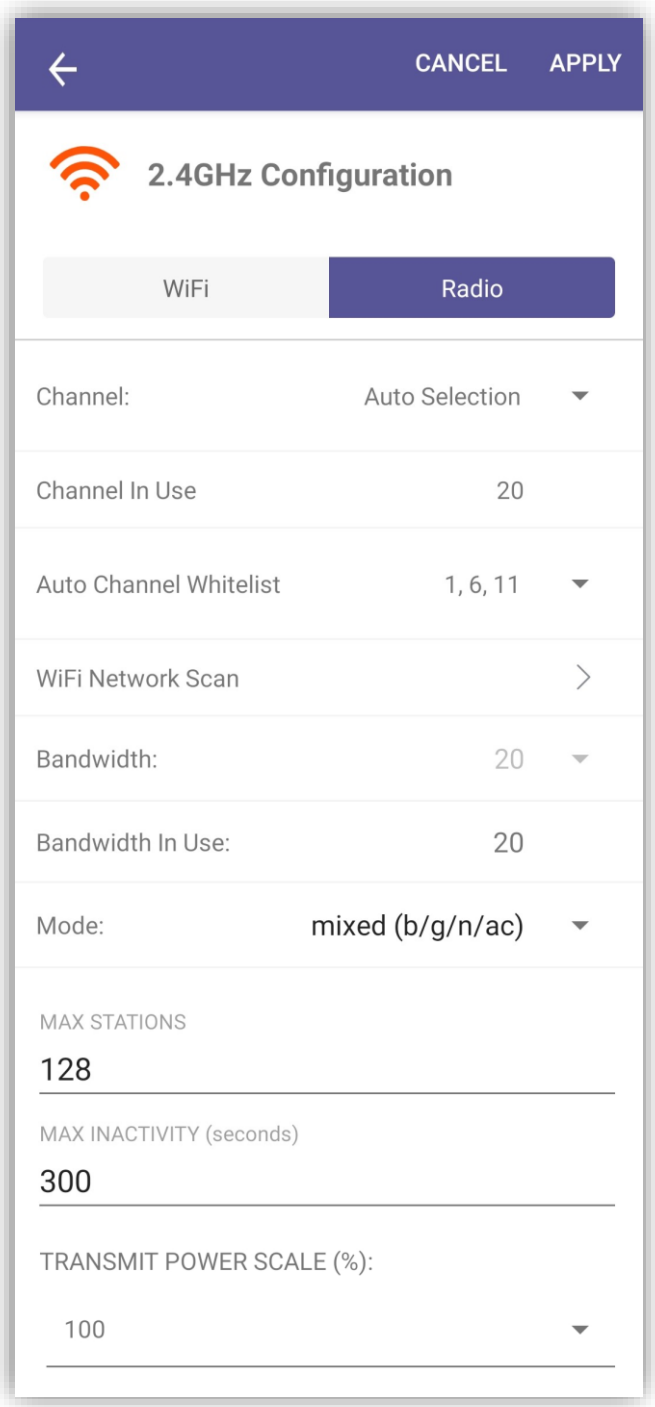
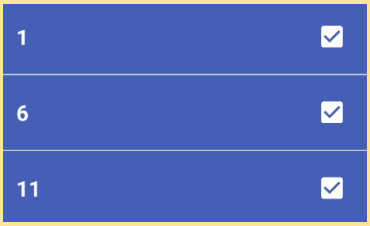
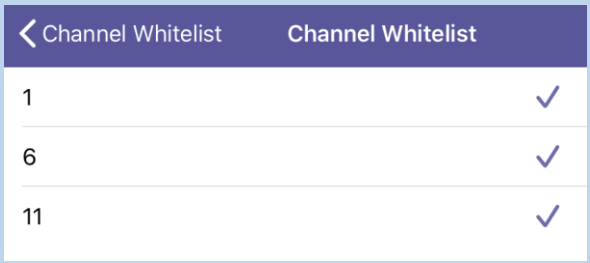
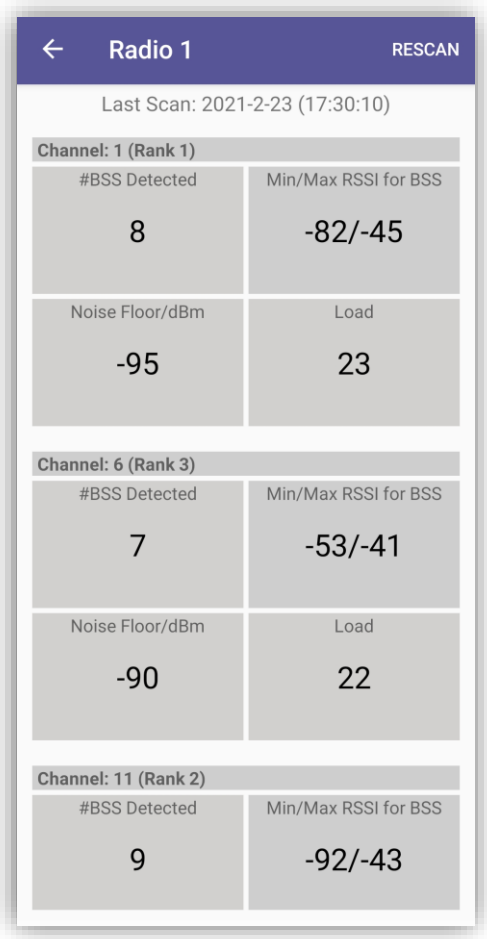


Table 5 – Wi-Fi Radio Configuration (2.4GHz, and 5GHz)

Name	Description
Channel	This is used by all four 2.4GHz APs. By default, Auto Selection is displayed (when available). Wi-Fi uses a number of criteria to choose the best channel at the time the APs start up. If you prefer to override this and select one of the available channels, choose the channel number from the drop-down list.
Channel in Use	Displays the auto selected channel number.
Auto Channel Whitelist	This enables you to select the channels from which the auto selection occurs. Tap on the drop-down icon, select or deselect the channels as required, then tap **OK.** **Android**  **Apple** 

Name	Description
Wi-Fi Network Scan	Auto Channel Scan is available on the VHC05, but these metrics are not displayed. Tapping on the **>** icon displays a page showing the measurements for each channel on which the auto selection is based. It also shows the date and time these measurements were made. A typical result is shown here.  The measurements are: • #BSS: the number of basic service sets (BSS) detected on this channel • The minimum and maximum Received Signal Strength Indicator for the BSSs on this channel • The noise floor on this channel • Load: A measure of the time the channel is occupied These measurements are combined to select a best channel for the auto select. If a channel is ranked as 0, it is not considered suitable for auto selection. If all the channels show poor results, then moving the VeeaHub to another position should be considered. You can rescan the measurements by tapping **RESCAN**. This may change the channel used.

Name	Description
Bandwidth	This sets the channel selection spread, which is dependent on the channel in use. This is grayed out when the option is not available. Possible options include: • 20MHz • 20MHz/40MHz • 20MHz/40MHz/80MHz If you are selecting this when ACS is active, ensure that the bonded channels are included in the Auto Channel Whitelist.
Bandwidth in Use	This displays the channel bandwidth in use.
Mode	Selects the 802.11 standard to use.
Max stations	Specifies the maximum number of clients per AP.
Max inactivity (in seconds)	Specifies the maximum inactivity time after which the client is disconnected from the AP.
Transmit Power Scale (%)	Specifies the AP transmit power.

4.1.3. Wi-Fi Security (2.4GHz, and 5GHz) (not VHC05)

The VeeaHub offers three security types: **Open**, **Pre-Shared Key (PSK)** and **Enterprise**. The default is PSK. Different APs on one VeeaHub can be configured with different security types.

Note: This does not apply to the VHC05 model, which has only PSK, which can be configured with or without a password.

Use Open if you do not require the user to enter a password in order to connect to an AP. There are no further configuration options.

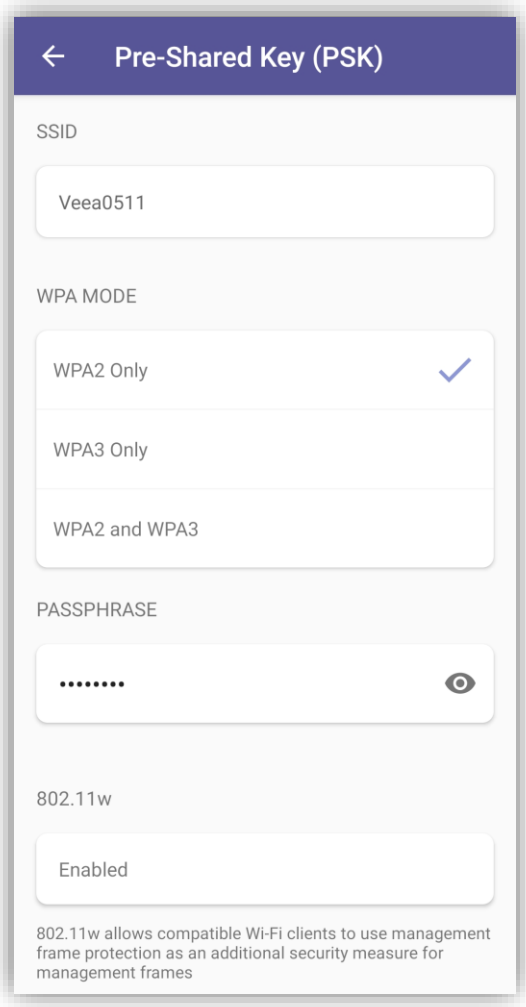
PSK is the default and is used if you want the user to know a password in order to connect to the AP.

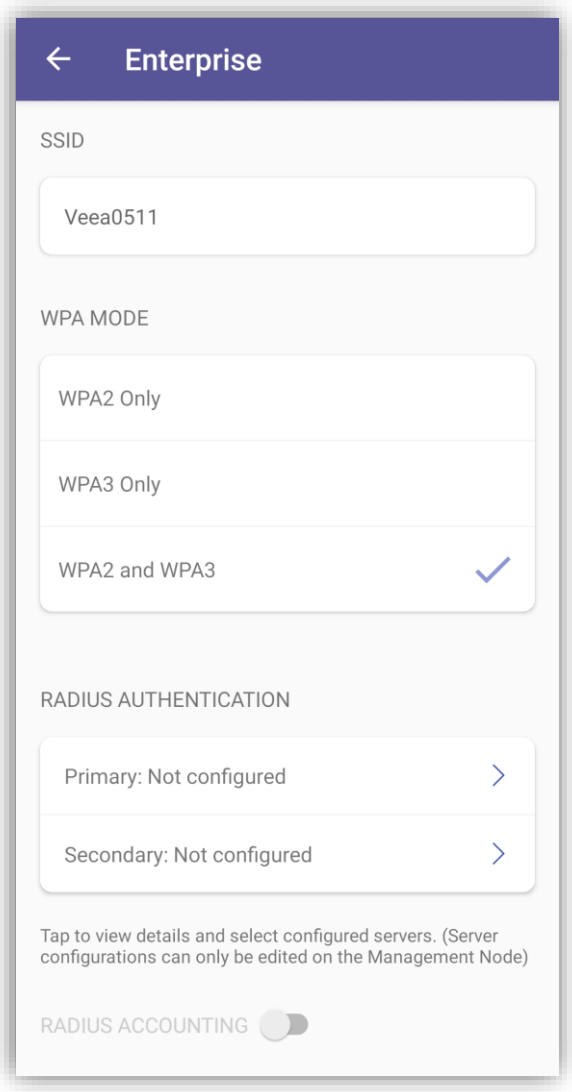
Enterprise security requires authentication on a separate server called a Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) server. This option will typically be used if the VeeaHub is installed in a business network where this security type is used.

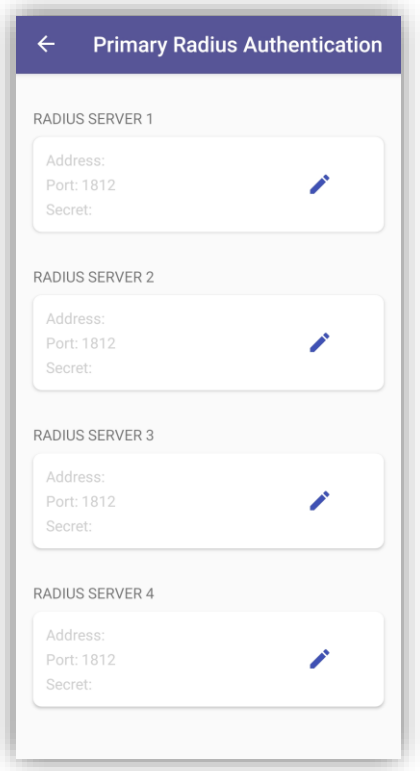
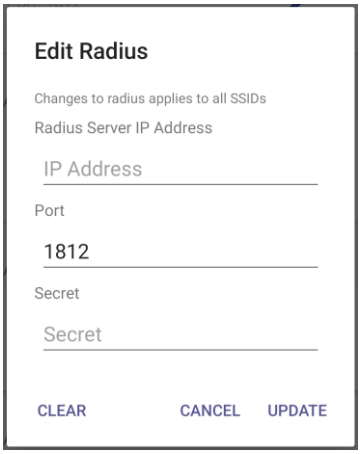
In the Wi-Fi tab (Figure 12), tap on the Security Type drop-down to select a different option.

Table 6 describes the different options.

Table 6 – Security Configuration (2.4GHz, and 5GHz)

Name	Description
Open	No password is required for anyone to connect to this AP. There are no further options.
PSK	A password must be set up on the VeeaHub. This password must be known by a user in order to connect their mobile device to this AP.  The options are: • **SSID:** not editable in this screen, see section 4.1.1. • **WPA Mode:** You can select to allow client devices to connect with WPA2 only, WPA3 only, or either. • **Passphrase:** enter the passphrase here, 8-63 characters. • **802.11w:** This is Enabled by default.

Enterprise	This option is for VeeaHubs in enterprise networks. Your system administrator will provide necessary information. Authentication is performed by contacting a specialized server, called a RADIUS Authentication server. RADIUS may also be used to collect data on usage for billing purposes on an Accounting server. RADIUS servers must be set up on the gateway VeeaHub (MEN) before a selection can be made on other nodes in the mesh.  • **SSID:** not editable in this screen, see section 4.1.1. • **WPA Mode:** You can select to allow client devices to connect with WPA2 only, WPA3 only or either. • **RADIUS Authentication:** Tap the icon to edit the RADIUS server details. Primary and secondary servers can be configured. The secondary server is optional and acts as a backup if the primary server is unavailable.

Name	Description
	 For each server, click on the icon to enter the required details: the IP Address of the server, the port number (default 1812) and the secret for access to the server. The secret must be known by a user in order to connect their mobile device to this AP.  • **RADIUS Accounting:** Enable the switch if this option is required. The configuration is similar to RADIUS Authentication. The default port number for RADIUS accounting is 1813.

4.2. LAN

This screen appears only on the MEN (gateway node).

Tap the LAN option on the Dashboard to configure LANs on the VeeaHub network. The LAN screen is shown in Figure 14 and its associated parameters are described in Table 7.

This screen is used to configure up to four LANs on the VeeaHub network. You should use this screen to link your AP settings (section 4.1) with your WAN settings (section 4.8).

Figure 14 – LAN configuration

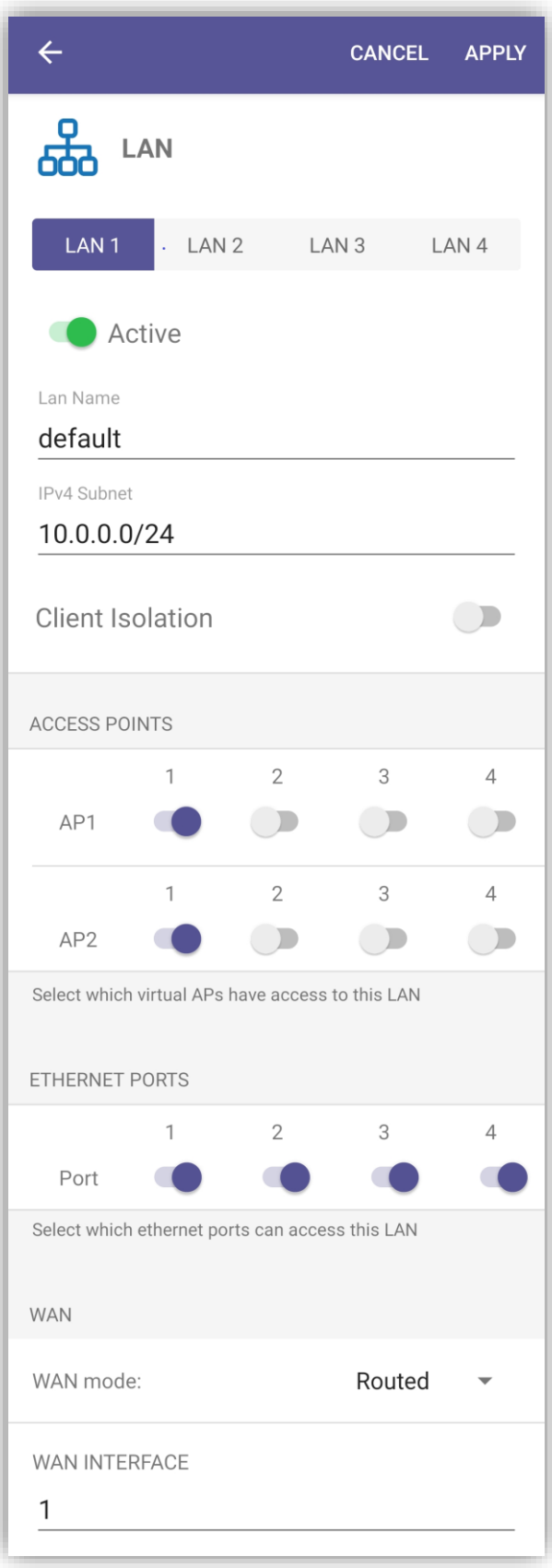


Table 7 – LAN Configuration

Name	Description
Tabs	Used to select the LAN to be configured.
Active	Set this switch to ON to make the LAN active
LAN Name	Set the name of the LAN.
IPv4 Subnet	Specifies the allowable IP addresses assign to this LAN. For example, 10.1.0.0/24
Client Isolation	If this switch is set to ON, devices on this LAN cannot see each other.
ACCESS POINTS	
AP1: 2.4GHz	Each toggle button enables/disables routing of this Local Area Network (LAN) to the corresponding 2.4GHz virtual AP.
AP2: 5GHz	Each toggle button enables/disables routing of this Local Area Network (LAN) to the corresponding 5GHz virtual AP.
ETHERNET PORTS	
Port	Each toggle button enables/disables routing of this Local Area Network (LAN) to the corresponding Ethernet port.
WAN	
WAN routed/bridged	Select whether this LAN is routed or bridged to the WAN.
WAN Interface	This must be the number of the WAN interface in Figure 22 to which you are connecting this LAN.

4.3. DHCP Settings

Tap the DHCP option on the Dashboard to configure DHCP. This screen is shown in Figure 15 with its associated parameters described in Table 8. It is available only on the gateway node (MEN).

Use this screen to configure a DHCP server for each LAN that has been configured on the LAN configuration tab (section 4.2) where you have enabled DHCP. You can also configure DNS nameservers for each LAN here.

Figure 15 - DHCP configuration

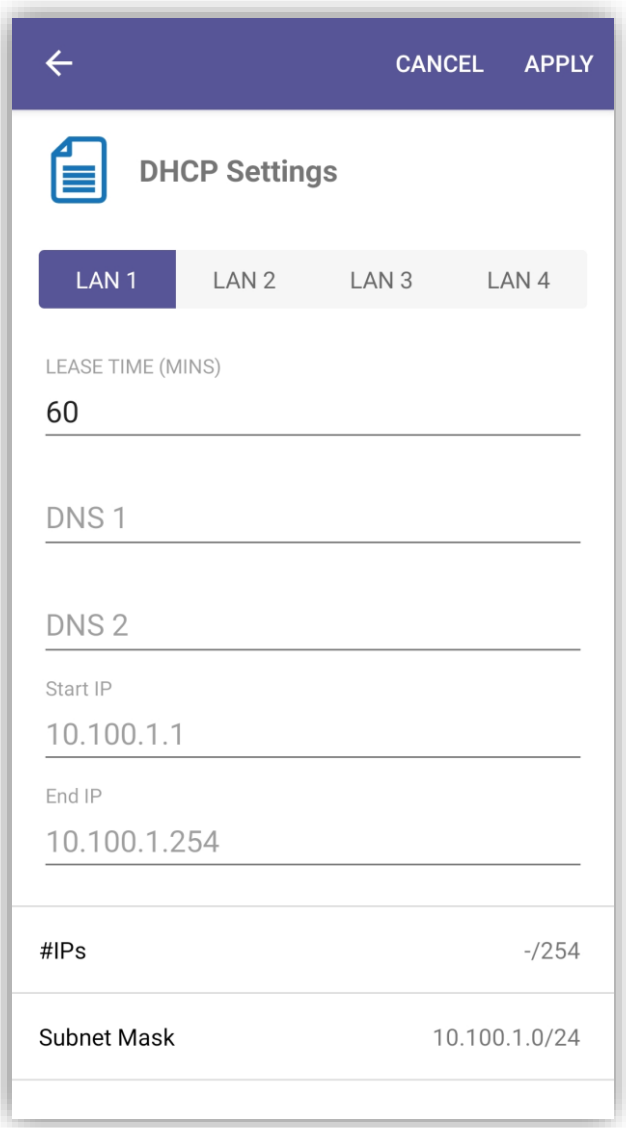


Table 8 – DHCP Configuration

Name	Description
Tabs LAN 1…	Used to select the LAN to be configured with DHCP.
Lease Time	Set the Lease Time in minutes.
DNS 1	Set the primary nameserver, for example, 8.8.8.8 for Google.
DNS 2	Set the secondary nameserver, for example, 8.8.4.4 for Google.
Start IP	Set the start IP of the range for this LAN.
End IP	Set the end IP of the range for this LAN.
#IP	The number of IPs in the defined range (calculated automatically from the preceding fields).
Subnet Mask	This is defined in section 4.2. The settings in this screen must match this.
DHCP controls for the second, third and fourth LANs	These replicate the layout as shown for LAN1.

4.4. Reserved IPs

Tap the Reserved IPs option on the Dashboard to display the Reserved IPs screen. This screen is shown in Figure 16, with its associated parameters described in Table 9.

This screen is available only on the gateway VeeaHub. The setting is disabled if it is managed on the WAN, for example, if the LAN is bridged to the WAN, or if it is managed by an installed service such as vTPN.

Individual devices on wireless APs or LAN ports can be assigned Reserved IP addresses. There is one tab for each of the LANs. By scrolling down, you can add up to 10 Reserved IP addresses on each LAN.

To add a Reserved IP address definition, enter the details and click **Apply**. You can reserve the IP address for the device using either the device name (if known) or the MAC address. You can also enter a free text comment for information.

To remove a Reserved IP that has been configured, tap **Clear Fields** and click **Apply**.

Figure 16 – Reserved IPs Configuration

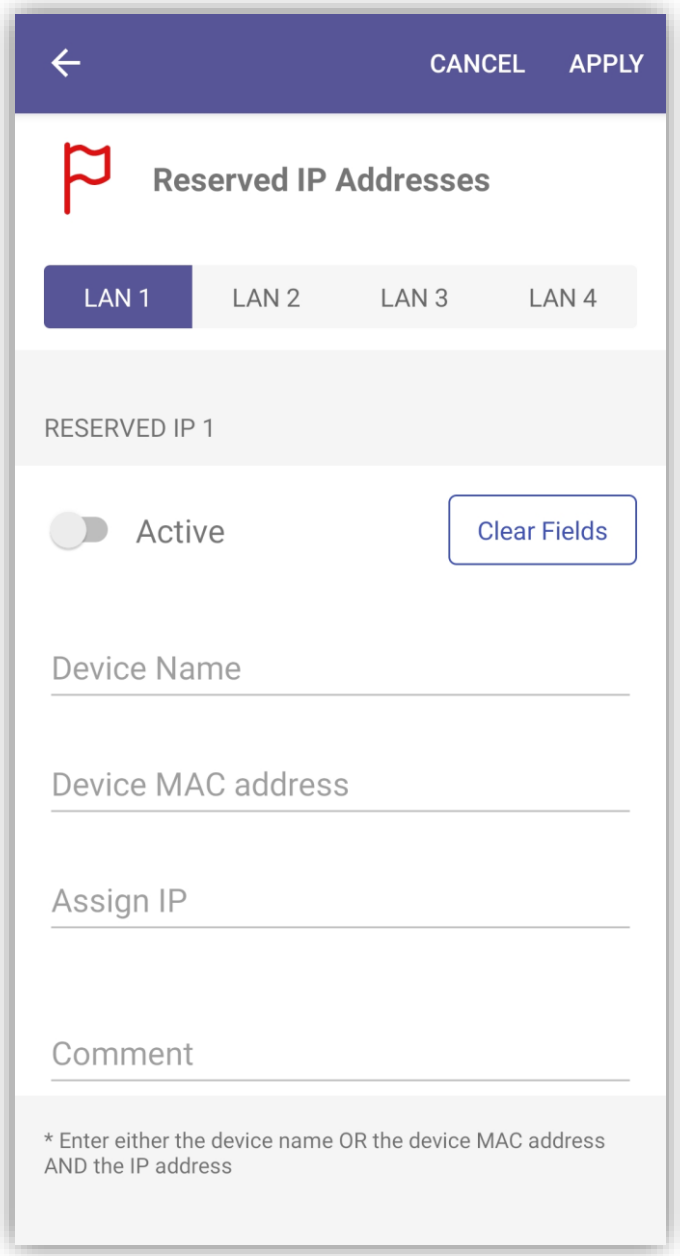


Table 9 – Reserved IPs Configuration

Name	Description
Tabs LAN 1…	Used to select the LAN to be configured with Reserved IPs.
Active	When switched on, the Reserved IP is in effect.
Clear Fields	Clear all data in this Reserved IP record.
Device Name	Specify the name of the device you wish to assign the IP address to. This is an alternative to specifying the MAC address. How to find the device name depends on the type of the device.
Device MAC address	Specify the MAC address of the device you wish to assign the IP address to. This is an alternative to specifying the Device Name.
Assign IP	Enter the IP address to assign to this device on this LAN.
Comment	A free text field to record information about this reserved IP address.

4.5. Router Access Mode and Control

Tap the Router Access Mode and Control option on the Dashboard to show the Router configuration screen (Figure 17). The details are in Table 10. This screen is available only on the gateway VeeaHub.

This screen shows configurations relating to:

- Connecting to a router on the WAN
- Access control for devices on wireless APs

Figure 17 – Router Configuration

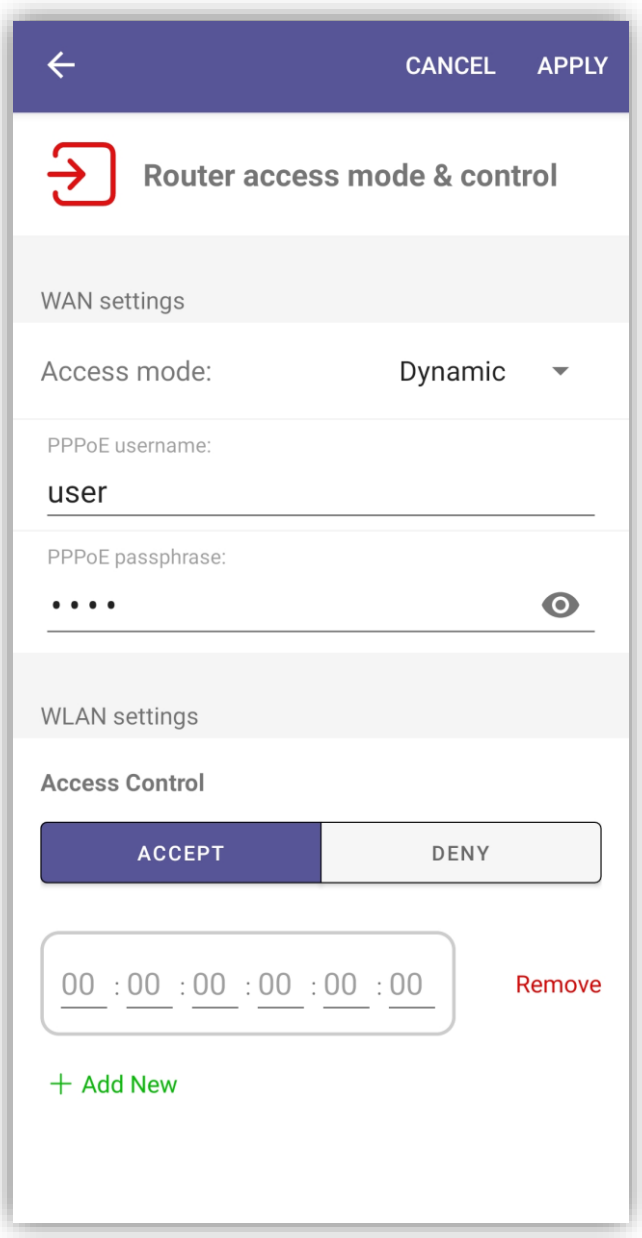
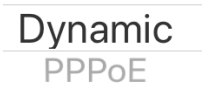


Table 10 – Router Configuration

Name	Description
WAN SETTINGS	
Access Mode	Set from the menu. If the VeeaHub WAN port is connected to an external router, set this option to Dynamic (default). If the VeeaHub WAN port is connected to an external router configured for Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE), select the PPPoE option. 
PPPoE username	Set the username for PPPoE.
PPPoE passphrase	Set the passphrase for PPPoE.
Eye icon	Tap to reveal or hide the passphrase.
WLAN SETTINGS	
Access Control	Access Control provides options for acceptance (Accept) or denial (Deny) of access to the wireless APs for a device with a given MAC address. You can set up lists of allowed and denied devices. To add a new device to a list set the switch to Accept or Deny, then tap the **Add New**. Enter the required MAC address. **Note**. All MAC addresses are allowed by default.
Remove	Tap to delete the access control entry on that line.

4.6. vMesh Configuration

4.6.1. vMesh Configuration Screen

Tap the vMesh configuration option on the Dashboard to open the vMesh Configuration screen shown in Figure 18. The details are in Table 11.

vMesh is Veea's proprietary technology that enables the VeeaHubs in a network to work together. For further information, see the VeeaHub Support Center. This and other mesh parameters can be configured on this screen.

By default, the mesh is established over 5GHz Wi-Fi. It is possible to reconfigure VeeaHubs to connect over Ethernet. A VeeaHub mesh can consist of wireless links, wired links or a mixture of the two.

The mesh name and default parameters are set up when the VeeaHub is added to the account. You may wish to change the channel assignments and transmit power for improved operation in your particular circumstances (including location of units and usage of the mesh).

When Auto Selection is on, the Wi-Fi channel used for the mesh is automatically chosen for you, based on various measurements of the quality of the signal. You can override this selection by choosing a single channel from those available, and you can also restrict the selection of channels that Auto Select uses.

Auto Selection is available only on the VHE09 and VHE10 models.

Auto Select is not dynamic: once the channel has been selected, this applies until the VeeaHub is restarted, or a channel rescan is done.

Figure 18 – vMesh Configuration

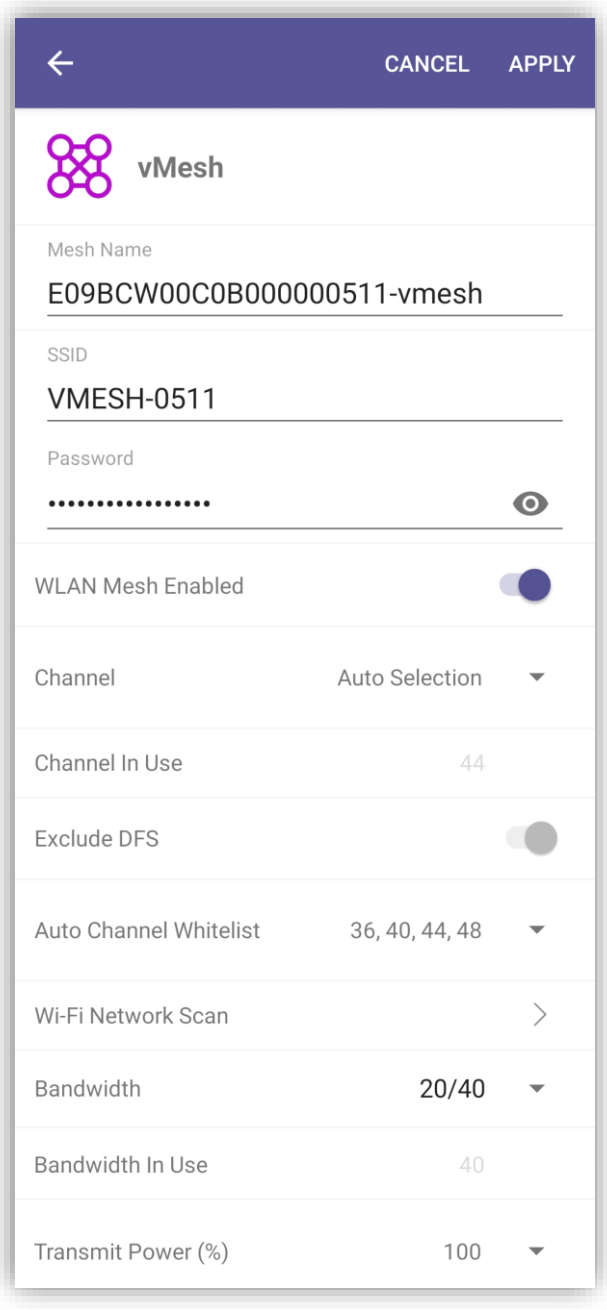
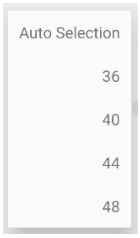


Table 11 – vMesh Configuration

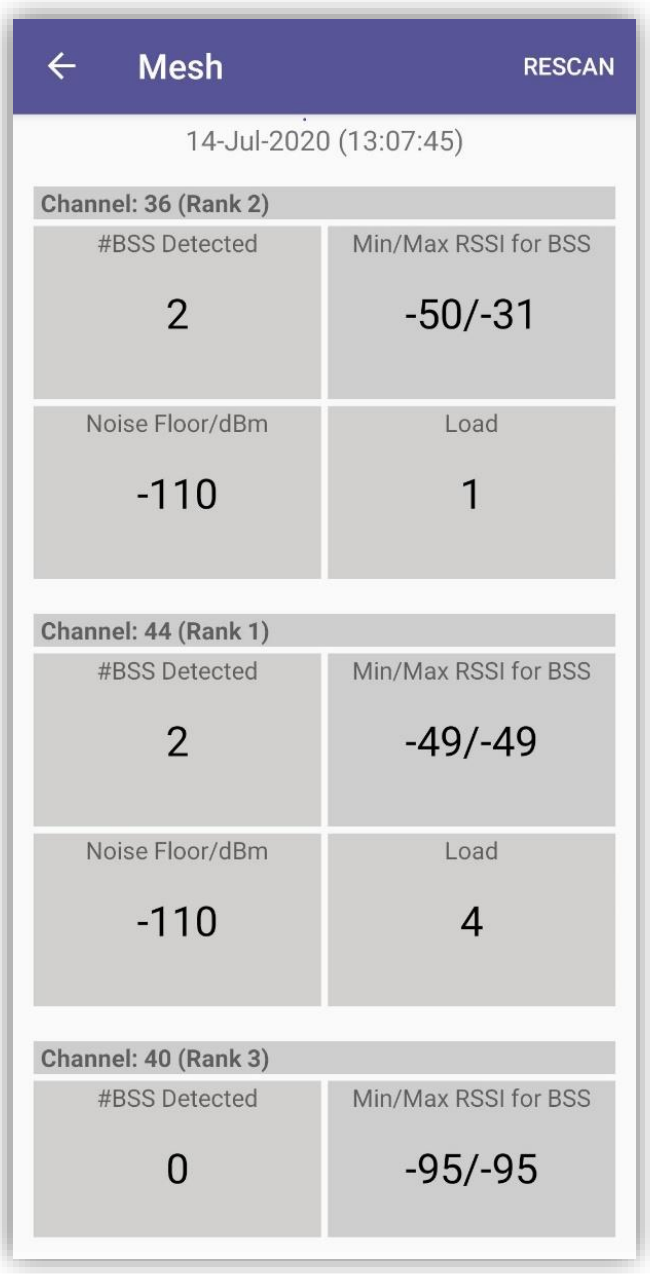
Name	Description
Mesh Name	The name of the network, usually assigned when the first VeeaHub is added to the Veea account and used to create the mesh. The name can be changed here.
SSID	The SSID used for the network WLAN. 1 to 32 characters.
Password	The password for the network WLAN. 8 to 63 characters (letters, digits or symbols).

Name	Description
Eye icon	Tap to reveal the password.
WLAN Mesh Enabled	This option sets the network to use Wi-Fi mesh, and is enabled by default. If you disable the mesh, you should configure Ethernet ports (section 4.9) and connect VeeaHubs by cable.
Channel	This enables selection of the Wi-Fi channel for the wireless mesh. The set of available channels is restricted, based on the configured VeeaHub location. By default, Auto Selection is displayed. A number of criteria are used to choose the best channel at the time the mesh starts up. If you prefer to override this and select one of the available channels, choose the channel number from the list. 
Channel in Use	The channel chosen by Auto Selection.
Exclude DFS	This switch, when selected, prevents channels that are designated for Dynamic Frequency Selection being used for Auto Selection.
Auto Channel Whitelist	This dropdown enables you to specify which channels will be used for Auto Channel selection.
Wi-Fi Network Scan	When Auto Select is in operation, this displays the Scan screen (section 4.6.2)
Bandwidth	Select the bandwidth for the network LAN. Note: 80MHz is not supported on the VHC05. 
Bandwidth in Use	This shows the currently selected bandwidth.
Transmit Power (%)	Select the mesh transmit power (as a % of maximum).
Enable Beacon	Not available on a gateway node (MEN). This is used on a non-gateway node (MN) to create a new Wi-Fi mesh using the SSID above. In normal use this should be OFF at all nodes.

4.6.2. vMesh Configuration: Scan

This tab (Figure 19), when it appears, shows the measurements for each channel on which the Auto Channel selection is based. It also shows the date and time these measurements were made. A typical result is shown here.

Figure 19 – Network Configuration: Scan



The measurements are listed in Table 12.

Table 12 – vMesh Configuration: Scan Tab

Channel	The channel number.
Rank	A number calculated from the measurements. The highest-ranking channel is auto selected.
#BSS	The number of basic service sets (BSS) detected on this channel.
Minimum/Maximum RSSI for BSS	The minimum and maximum Received Signal Strength Indicator for the BSSs on this channel.
Noise Floor / dBm	The noise floor on this channel.
Load	A measure of the time the channel is occupied.

These measurements are combined to select a best channel for the Auto Channel selection. If a channel is ranked as 0, it is not considered suitable for auto selection. If all the channels show poor results, then moving the VeeaHub to another position should be considered.

You can rescan the measurements by clicking **Rescan**. This may change the channel used.

4.7. IP Address

This screen is available only on a gateway VeeaHub (MEN). Tap the IP Configuration option on the Dashboard to open the IP Configuration screen as shown in Figure 20. Each parameter is described in Table 13.

The title section shows the IP address of the VeeaHub. If the VeeaHub is configured as a MEN, it also shows the backhaul type.

Figure 20 – IP Address

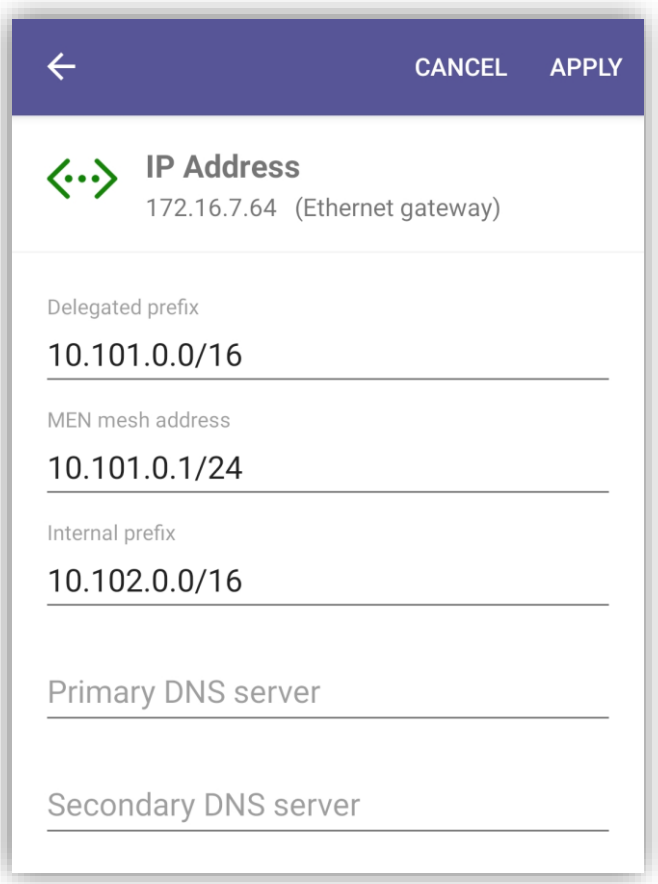


Table 13 – IP Configuration

Name	Description
IP address	The external IP address of the VeeaHub, and the backhaul type.
Delegated prefix	Used to assign IP addresses to VeeaHub devices in the network. In the case of IPv4 operation this is a private IP prefix space. You should not need to change this value, unless the backhaul interface also has the same prefix. Changing this field will cause the MEN to reboot.
MEN mesh address	Defines the IP address of the MEN on the mesh. This should be within the delegated prefix address range. Changing this field will cause the MEN to reboot.
Internal prefix	Used to assign IP addresses to stations connected to the VeeaHub APs while the VeeaHub is not connected to a mesh.
Primary DNS server	The backhaul network interface DNS is propagated across the vMesh. If the backhaul network does not have DNS, this should be configured to point to an external DNS.
Secondary DNS server	The backhaul network interface DNS is propagated across the vMesh. If the backhaul network does not have DNS, this should be configured to point to an external DNS.

4.8. WAN Gateway

Tap the WAN Configuration option on the Dashboard to open the WAN configuration screen shown in Figure 21. The details are in Table 14.

Backhaul is the service that connects the VeeaHub network to the WAN. Typically, this is an Ethernet (wired) connection or a wireless connection. A cellular connection may be used as a back-up if the main connection fails. Veea offers a 4G Failover service as a premium option.

A VeeaHub network connects to the backhaul through a single node, designated the MEN. By default, this is the first VeeaHub that was used to create the mesh.

4.8.1. WAN Configuration

This screen is applicable only to the gateway VeeaHub (MEN).

Any or all of the backhaul types can be enabled or disabled, if installed on the network. On the WAN configuration screen, you can place the available connections in order, so that if one connection fails, the VeeaHub will fail over to a different connection. The operational status of each backhaul type is shown.

Hold and drag the backhaul icons up/down to configure the preferred order. The backhaul type that appears at the top of the list will be preferred. If this should fail, the connection that is next in the list will be used for failover.

An option is also provided to limit the use of any backhaul for system management traffic. This is useful if the backhaul is a costly resource. For example, if you wish to reduce the cost of a cellular backhaul, enable the Restricted Backhaul setting shown in Figure 21. When this setting is enabled, the VeeaHub and other VeeaHub units in the same mesh communicate with the management and authentication server less frequently, typically once per-hour. This setting is for control traffic only and any application traffic is unaffected.

For the Wi-Fi backhaul, the SSID and passphrase can be entered on this screen. Check the instructions for your Wi-Fi service.

For the Cellular backhaul, the APN name, username and passphrase can be entered on this screen. Check the instructions for your cellular service.

Failover is available only on a LAN configured as Routed (the default). Failover is not supported in Bridged mode (section 4.2).

When you make changes to the WAN configuration and interfaces, the VeeaHub Manager App may display messages warning you of potential cost implications of additional data traffic.

Figure 21 – WAN Configuration

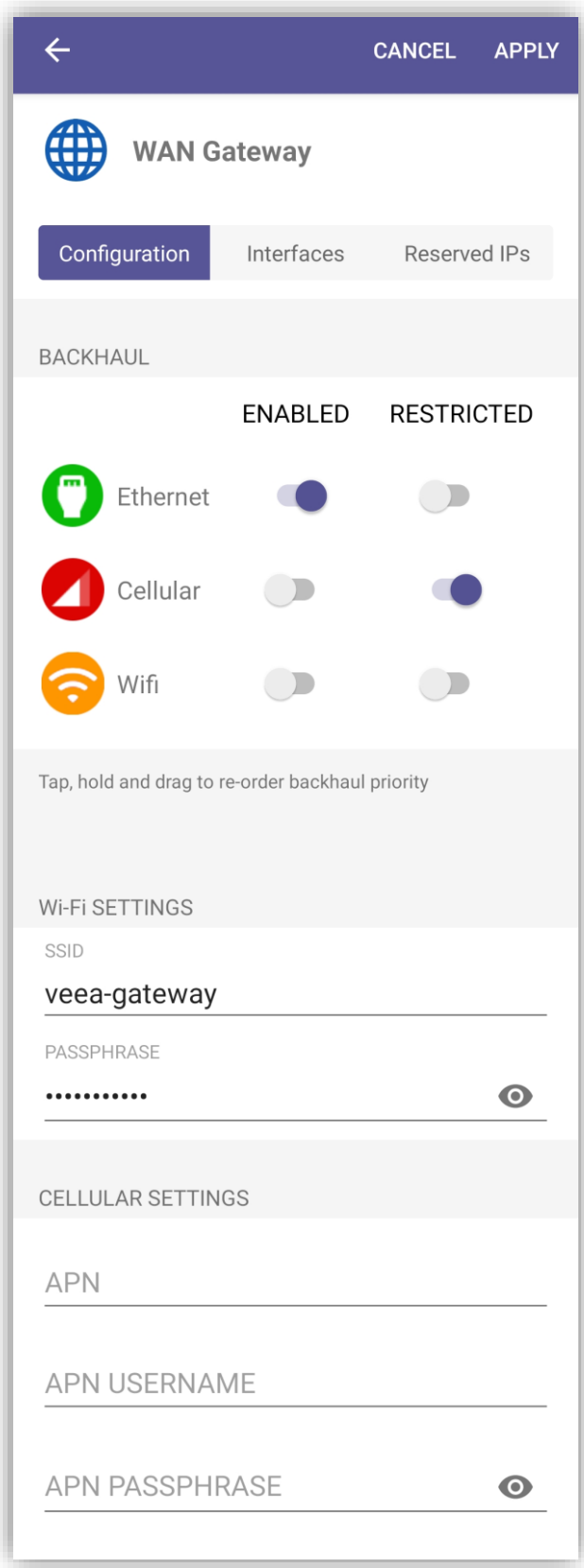


Table 14 – WAN Configuration

Name	Description
Tabs	Use these tabs to select the WAN configuration or the WAN interface (section 4.8.2) option.
Ethernet / Cellular / Wi-Fi	Use these options to enable/disable the backhaul connections and to enable/disable Restricted for each backhaul type.
Backhaul Wi-Fi Settings	Settings for the Wi-Fi backhaul, where installed
SSID	Enter the Wi-Fi SSID.
Passphrase	Enter the Wi-Fi passphrase.
 **Eye icon**	Tap to reveal the Wi-Fi passphrase.
Backhaul Cellular Settings	If you have subscribed to the 4G Failover service, tapping on this line displays a screen of technical information about this backhaul. For further information, contact Veea Support.
APN	Enter the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Username	Enter the username.
Passphrase	Enter the passphrase.
 **Eye icon**	Tap to reveal the cellular passphrase.

4.8.2. WAN Interfaces

This screen appears only on the gateway node (MEN).

Tap the WAN Interfaces tab to open the WAN Interfaces screen, as shown in Figure 22. The details are in Table 15.

You should configure this screen to match the LAN settings (section 4.2). If your VeeaHub network is connected to an enterprise network, the necessary settings, including vLAN tags where relevant, should be obtained from your enterprise WAN administrator.

Figure 22 – WAN Interfaces

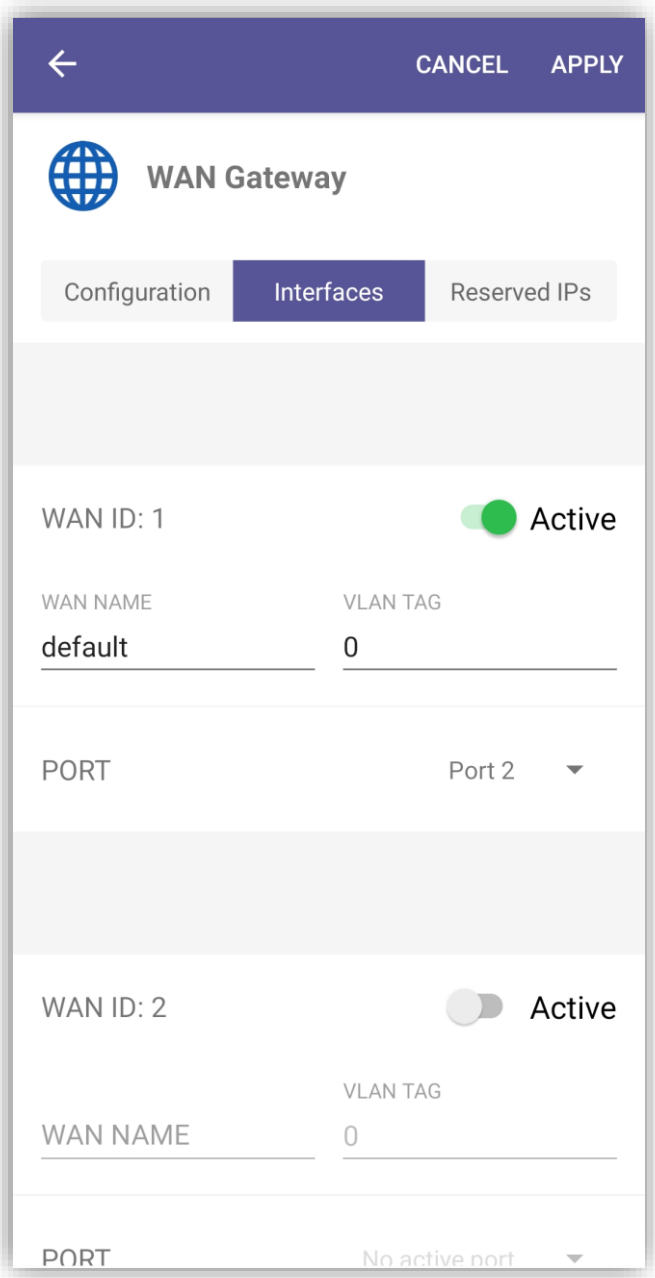
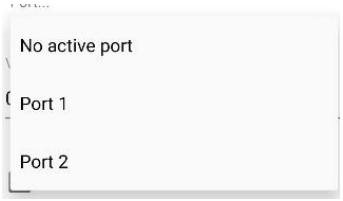


Table 15 – WAN Interfaces Configuration

Name	Description
Tabs	Use these tabs to select the WAN interface or the WAN configuration option.
WAN 1 check box	Use Wide Area Network (WAN) 1.
WAN Name	Free text to identify WAN 1 interface.
Port	Select WAN 1 port options from the drop-down menu: 
VLAN Tag	Set the VLAN tag for the WLAN interface traffic for WAN 1. A value of 0 means no tag.
WAN 2. WAN 3, WAN 4 controls	These controls, when required, use the same format and layout as WAN 1 above.

4.8.3. WAN Reserved IPs Tab

This tab (Figure 23) is used to configure a reserved (fixed) IP address for the gateway VeeaHub on the WAN. This is usually necessary only when the WAN does not have a DHCP server.

The configuration options are listed in Table 16.

Figure 23 – WAN Reserved IPs

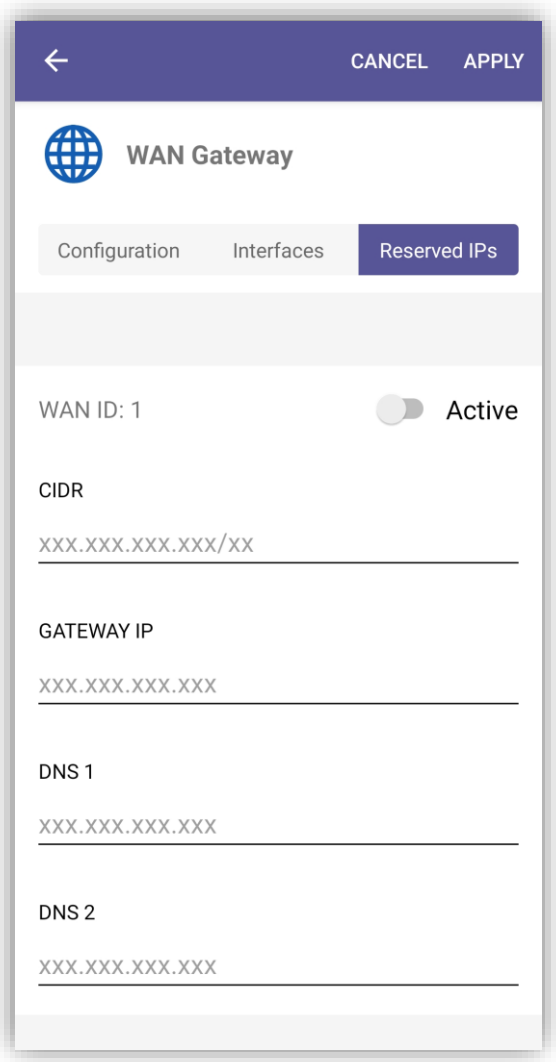


Table 16 – WAN Reserved IPs Configuration

Name	Description
WAN x	You can set reserved IP addresses for any of the WAN interfaces you have defined. Check the box next to the WAN number to be assigned a reserved IP address.
CIDR	Set the reserved address and subnet mask in CIDR format (###.###.###.##/#)
Gateway IP	Set the Gateway IP address.
DNS 1, DNS 2	Assign DNS nameservers.

4.9. Physical Port Configuration

Tap the Physical Ports button on the Dashboard to show more information about the Ethernet ports on the VeeaHub network. The screen is shown in Figure 24 and the details are described in Table 17.

Port configuration

A port can be configured as a WAN or LAN port:

- **WAN:** this port is used as the wired connection (backhaul) to the Internet. This is available on the gateway VeeaHub (MEN) only. The WAN settings are described in section 4.8.
- **LAN:** this port is in use to connect a device to the VeeaHub network with an Ethernet cable. This can be applicable on any node in the network, where a port is available. Several devices can be connected to this port if you use a switch. The LAN settings are described in section 4.2.

Mesh ports

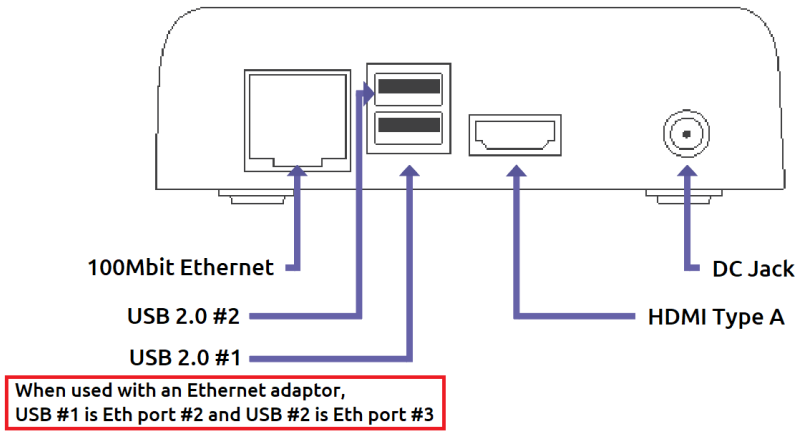
A port can also be used to create a wired connection to another VeeaHub and thus to the mesh network. This might be used, for example, to bridge the gap with a cable between two nodes where the distance is too great for effective Wi-Fi communication. A VeeaHub mesh can consist of any mixture of wired and wireless links. The mesh configures itself to provide full connectivity and redundancy. When a port is in use as a mesh port, this is displayed by the Mesh switch on this tab against that port.

if all the VeeaHubs in the network are wired, the wireless mesh can be switched off (section 4.6.1), although that is not necessary.

There are certain cases in the current software version where some manual configuration may be needed. For more information about automatic configuration for wired mesh, please see veea.com/support

VHC05 ports

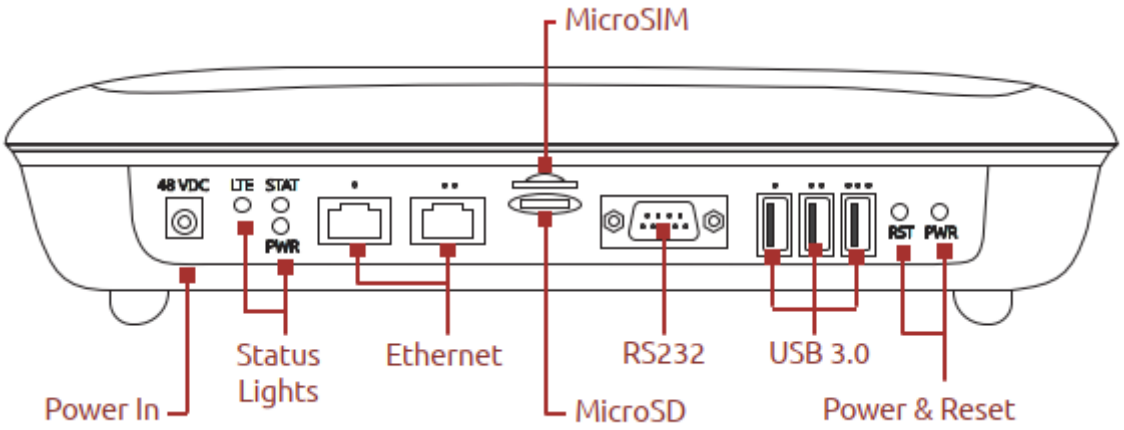
On the VHC05, there is only one Ethernet port. In the typical case of Ethernet backhaul, the Ethernet port on the MEN is already dedicated to the WAN. You can use the USB ports as Ethernet ports with suitable adaptors. In these cases, Port 2 is the lower USB socket, and Port 3 is the upper USB socket.



VHE09/VHE10 ports

On the VHE09/10, there are two Ethernet ports. They are marked on the casing with one dot for Port 1 and two dots for Port 2. Either port can be used as the WAN port, and the other can be configured as LAN. By default, Port 2 on the gateway VeeaHub is configured for WAN. If you change the cable to the other port, you must restart the VeeaHub. Port 1 can be used for Power over Ethernet, as an alternative to the regular power supply. Note that on the gateway VeeaHub it is not possible to configure both Ethernet ports as LAN ports.

There are also two USB ports that can be used as Ethernet ports with adaptors. They are Port 3 (one dot) and Port 4 (two dots). The USB port with three dots cannot be used as a LAN port.



Example uses of Physical Ports configuration

An example of the use of the Port number and Enabled/Disabled controls is:

- On the gateway VeeaHub, you select a Port number, select **NETWORK**, then select **Enabled**. The configuration of that port (WAN, LAN or Mesh) is then copied to all the nodes in the mesh.
- On another node, you select the same Port Number and then set to **Disabled**. This turns off the function on that port on that VeeaHub. This might be used, for example, where you wish to disable the LAN port on a node in a public area so that it is not possible to plug in an unauthorized device.
- Alternatively, on the other node, you can select **HUB**, then configure the port for a specific use on that VeeaHub alone.

Figure 24 – Physical Ports Configuration

(*on next page)*

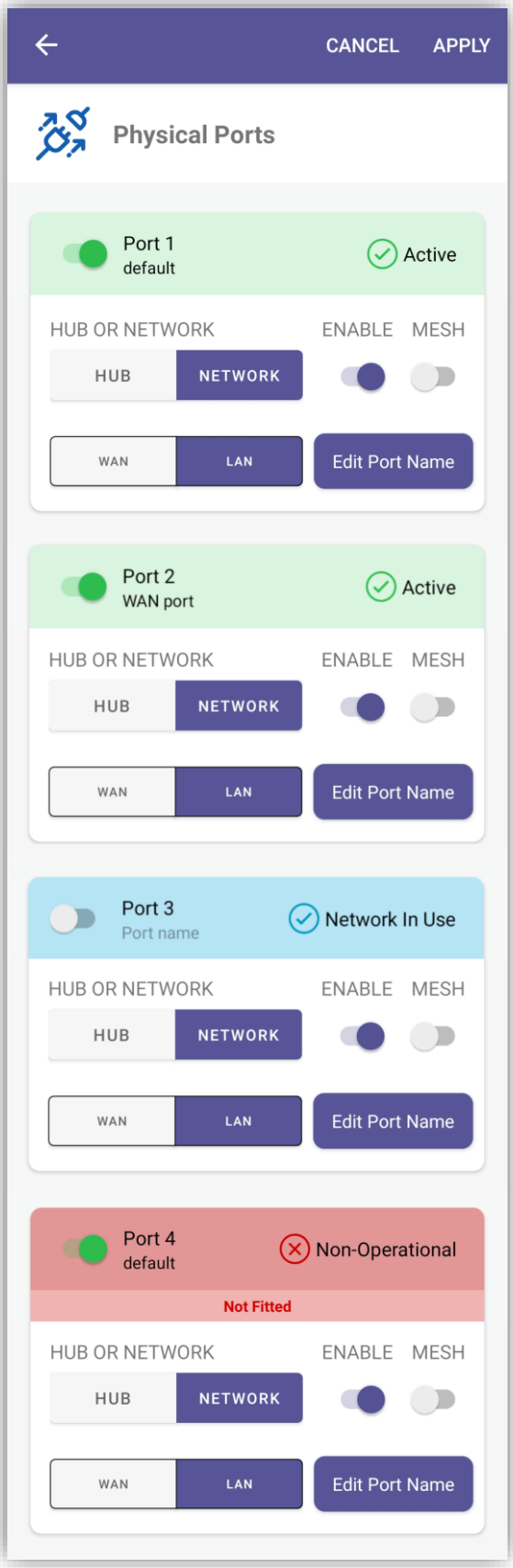
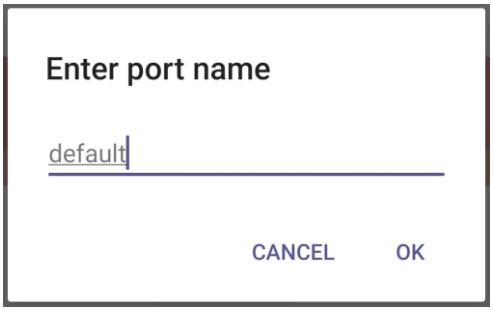


Table 17 – Physical Ports Configuration

Name	Description
Port 1	Select this to use this node on this hub. If the Enable switch is set on, the port has the settings that are configured here. If the Enable switch is off, the port is disabled on this VeeaHub, even if it is configured for the whole network (see Hub or Network, below). The name below the port number can be defined using the **Edit Port Name** option.
Status	At the right of the port number, the current status of this port is displayed with a symbol, for example, Active, Non-operational, Disabled, Used by Hub, Changes not applied.
	Below the port number, information or error messages are displayed.
Hub/Network	On the gateway VeeaHub (MEN), set this to Network to apply the settings to port on all nodes across the VeeaHub network. On any VeeaHub, set this to Hub to apply the settings to the port on this node alone. This overrides any mesh-wide settings for this port.
Enable	Enables an override of the default usage of this port. For usage, see above.
Mesh	If on, this port is configured for wired mesh connection (see Mesh Ports, above).
WAN/LAN	This selects this physical port for WAN or LAN use. **WAN:** This can only be set on a gateway VeeaHub and indicates which port is used for backhaul connectivity. The WAN settings are described in section 4.8. There must be only one WAN port on a mesh. **LAN:** This specifies that the port is a LAN connection for other devices.
Edit Port Name	Enables you to change the name of this port. Enter the new name, and tap **OK**. 
Port 2, Port 3, Port 4	This group of controls applies changes to the other ports as described above for Port 1.

Icons and colors

The icon and background color of a Port entry give information about the state of the Port. For full details, see the Status message displayed.

	**Green**	The Port is active and properly configured for this setting
	**Blue**	The Port is configured for the network (if Hub is selected) or configured for this VeeaHub (if Network is selected)
	**Orange**	The Port is disabled
	**Red**	The Port is non-operational
	**Yellow**	The configuration of this Port is incomplete
	**No color**	The Port is waiting for you to **Apply** a change in configuration
	No color	The Port is not in use

If an Ethernet cable is connected to another network with a DHCP server and is plugged into a LAN port, this is an error situation. VHM will display the message ‘DHCP conflict’. See section 7.3.

When an Ethernet port is In Use and Enabled but has no connected device, VHM will display the message ‘Port Down’.

If a USB port has been configured as a LAN port but no Ethernet adaptor is present, the message ‘Not Fitted’ is displayed.

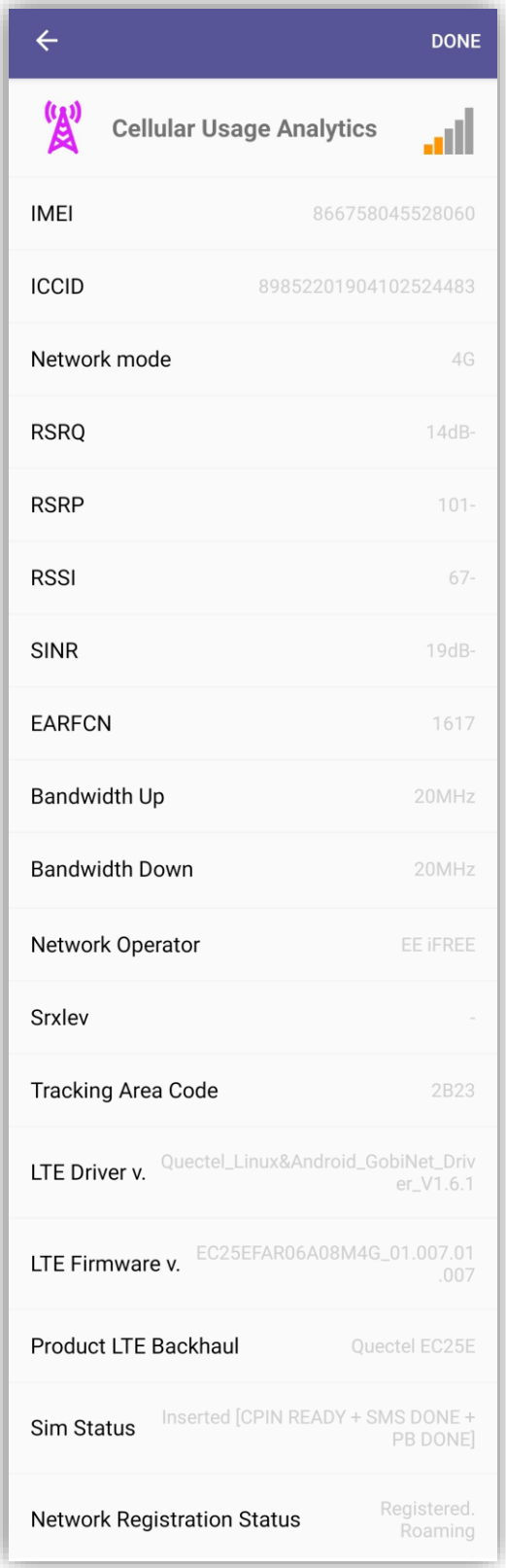
These messages are displayed if the error condition applies when you connect VHM to the VeeaHub, or if you tap APPLY while on the Physical Port screen.

4.10. Cellular Usage Analytics

These statistics are available on gateway VeeaHubs enabled for 4G backhaul (section 4.8).

Tap the Cellular Stats option on the Dashboard. The Cellular Stats screen is shown in Figure 25.

Figure 25 – Cellular Stats



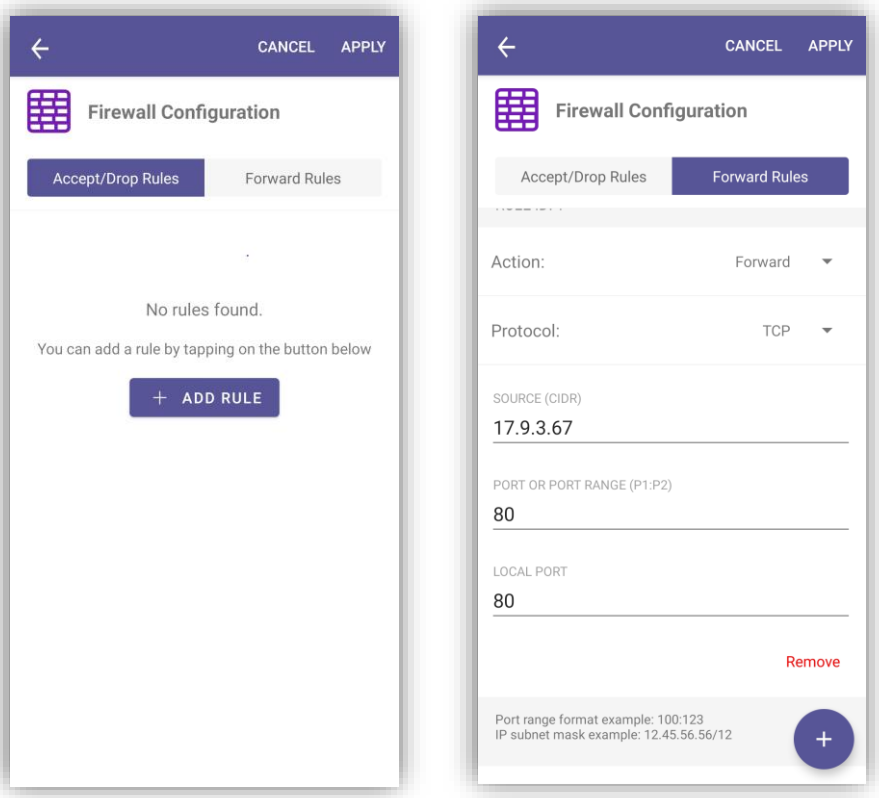
-

Tap **DONE** to return to the Dashboard.

4.11. Firewall Configuration

Tap the Firewall Configuration option on the Dashboard to configure Firewall rules. The screen (Figure 26) allows configuration of firewall rules. Any rules already configured are displayed on this screen on two tabs, ACCEPT/DROP RULES and FORWARD RULES.

Figure 26 – Firewall configuration



4.11.1. Creating a New Rule

To set up a new rule (Figure 26):

1. If no rules are displayed, tap the **+ ADD RULE** button, or if rules are already displayed, tap the plus (+) icon to create a new rule.
2. Select the type of rule to create: **Accept**, **Drop** or **Forward**.
3. Select the protocol for the rule, **TCP** or **UDP**.
4. Enter the data specific for the rule.
5. Tap **Create**.

For specific details, see section 4.11.2 for Accept and Drop rules, and section 4.11.3 for Forward rules.

For deleting rules, see section 4.11.4.

4.11.2. Creating a New Accept/Drop Rule

Figure 27 – New Accept or Drop Rule

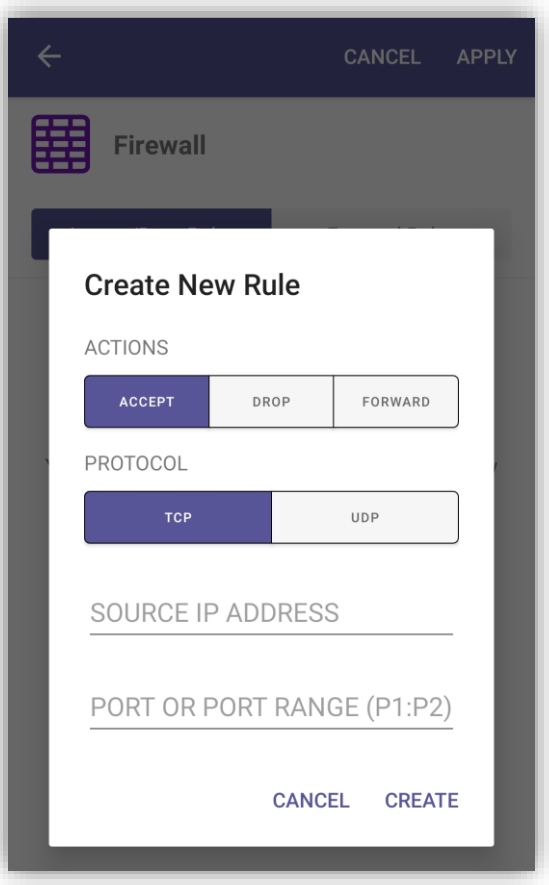


Table 18 – Accept and Drop Rules Configuration

Name	Description
Actions	Select **Accept** or **Drop.**
Protocol	Select **TCP** or **UDP.**
Source IP Address	Enter the IP address to be accepted or dropped.
Port or Port Range	Enter the Port or Port Range. A Port range is entered as *P1:P2*, where P1 is the first port number in the range and P2 is the last port number.

4.11.3. Creating a New Firewall Forward Rule

Figure 28 – New Forward Rule

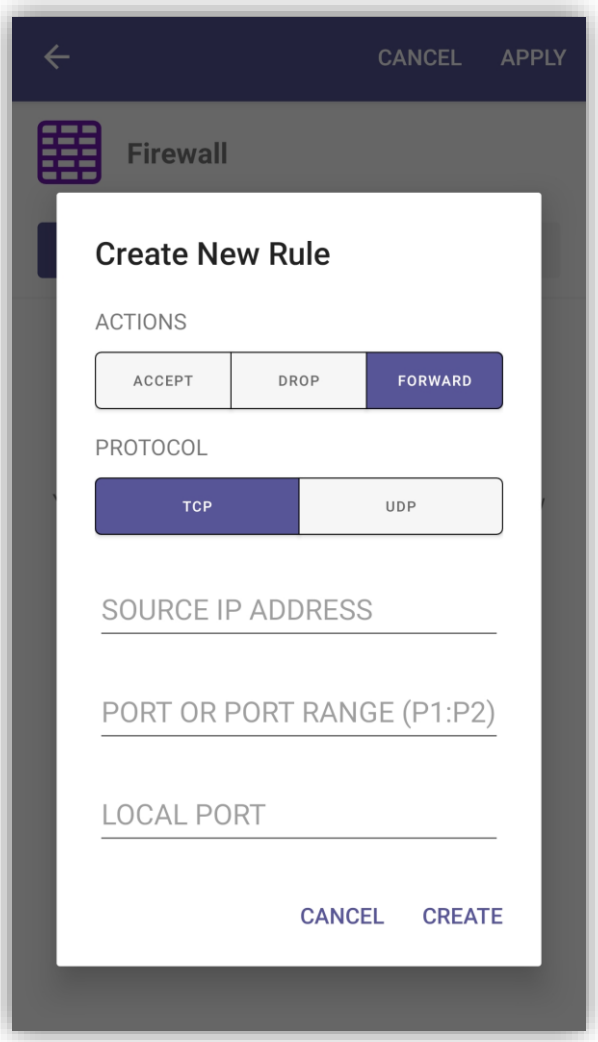


Table 19 – Forward Rules Configuration

Name	Description
Actions	Select **Forward**.
Protocol	Select **TCP** or **UDP.**
Port or Port Range	Enter the Port or Port Range. A Port range is entered as *P1:P2*, where P1 is the first port number in the range and P2 is the last port number.
Source IP Address	Enter the IP address to be forwarded.
Local Port	Enter the Local Port to be forwarded to.

4.11.4. Deleting a Firewall Rule

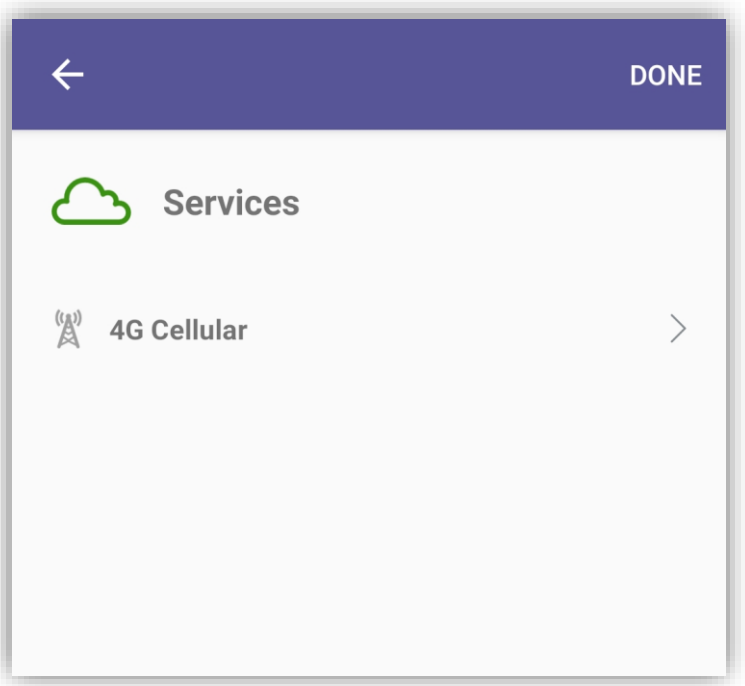
To delete a firewall rule, tap **Remove** against the rule.

4.12. Services

This option (Figure 29) opens a list of optional services and software that you have installed.

To view information and configuration options for one of these, tap on its name in the list.

Figure 29 – Services



4.13. Bluetooth Beacon Configuration

Tap the Beacon option on the Dashboard to open the Beacon Configuration screen shown in Figure 30. The details are in Table 20.

The Bluetooth beacon on a VeeaHub broadcasts an advertisement consisting of a sub-domain and Instance ID. These details are configured when the VeeaHub is added to your account. This screen is for information only.

Figure 30 – Beacon Configuration

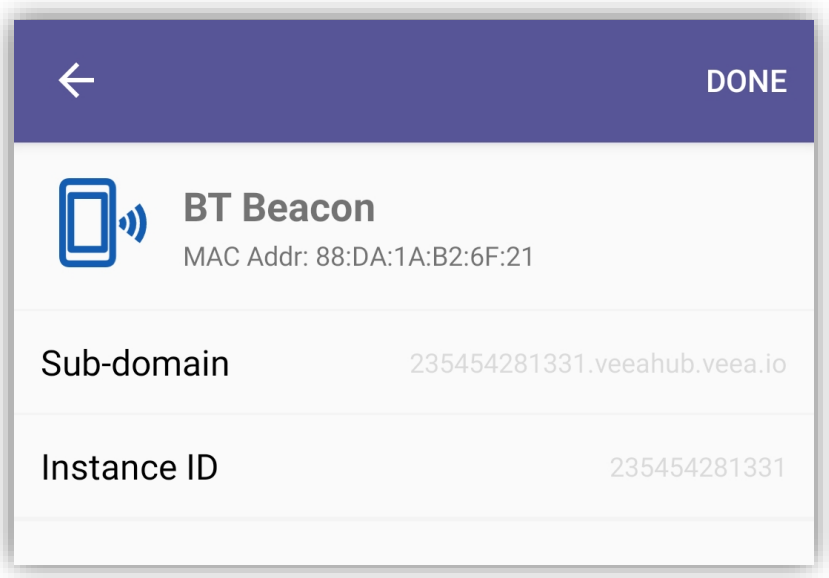
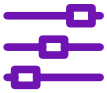


Table 20 – Beacon Configuration

Name	Description
Screen title	Includes the MAC address
Sub-domain	Sub-domain name
Instance ID	The instance ID number

4.14. About VeeaHub



Tap the About VeeaHub option on the Dashboard to open the About VeeaHub configuration screen shown in Figure 31. The details are in Table 21.

The first VeeaHub in a network has the status of gateway node (also called MEN), and connects the mesh to the Internet. Further VeeaHubs are edge nodes (also called MN).

The Node Name is set when the VeeaHub is added to your account. You can change it on this screen.

Position is an optional text field. You can use it for any descriptive purpose, for example, to show where the VeeaHub is located on your premises.

Figure 31 – VeeaHub Configuration

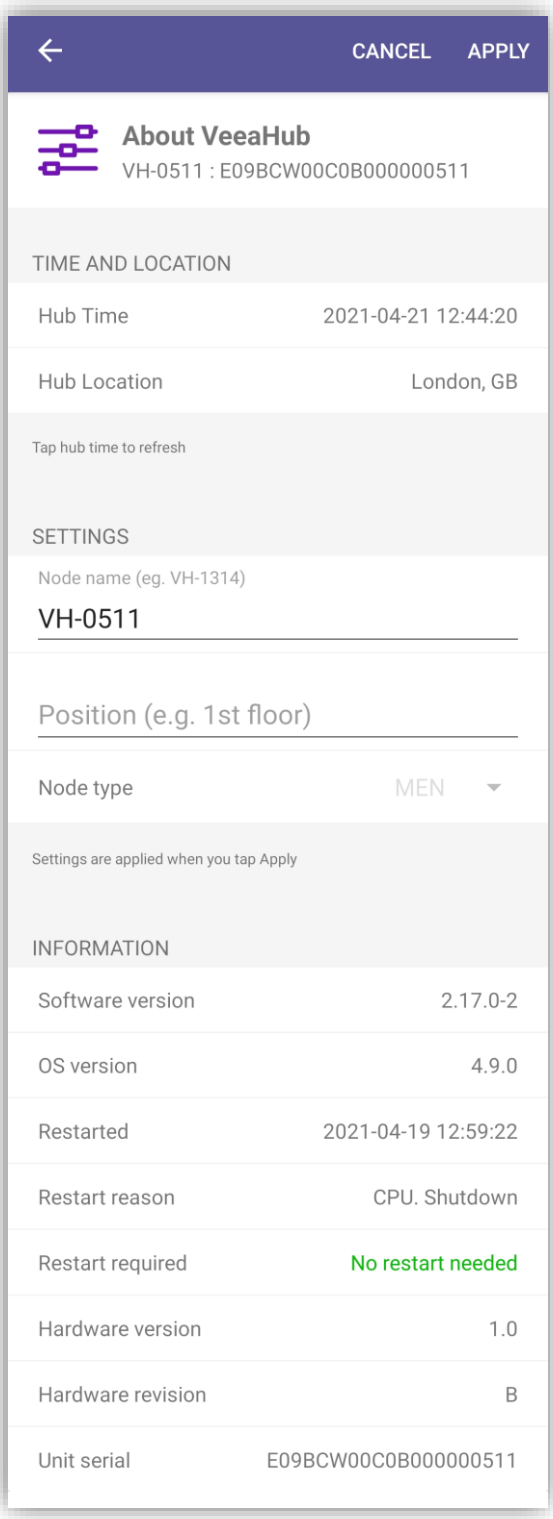


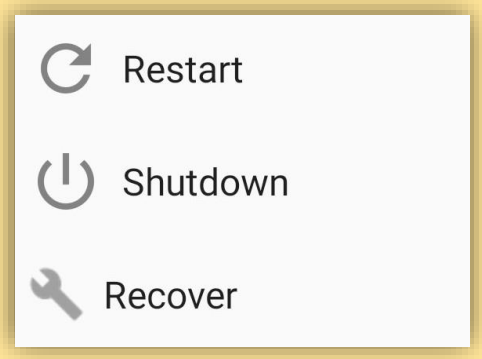
Table 21 – VeeaHub Configuration

Name	Description
Screen name	The screen name also shows the node name and the serial number of the VeeaHub.
TIME AND LOCATION	
Hub Time	Tap this line to refresh the time display.
Hub Location	The city and country this VeeaHub is registered to.
SETTINGS	
Node Name	Tap on the row to customize the node name.
Position	This may be empty. The locale is free text that can be used to identify the VeeaHub, for example, by its location in a building.
Node type	MEN (Mesh Edge Node, gateway node) or MN (Mesh Node, network node). An MN connects to the wider internet via the MEN. A MEN acts as a gateway for the mesh and has a number of connection options to the wider internet, including cellular, Ethernet and Wi-Fi backhaul. For a MEN, these options are configured by tapping on the WAN option, Figure 11, detailed in section 4.8. If the node type is changed, the node must be rebooted. The mesh SSID automatically reverts to the default and can be changed to enable the VeeaHub to join the intended network.
INFORMATION	
Software version	The version of the VeeaHub software.
OS version	Operating System (OS) version.
Restarted	The time the VeeaHub was last restarted.
Restart Reason	The reason why the VeeaHub was last restarted.
Restart Required	Whether the VeeaHub currently requires a restart.
Hardware version	The version of the VeeaHub hardware.
Hardware revision	The revision number of the hardware version.
Unit Serial	Serial number of this VeeaHub.

4.15. Shutdown, Restart or Recover

Tap the Shutdown, Restart or Recover option on the Dashboard. This opens the Power Controls dialog as shown in Figure 32.

Figure 32 – Power / Reboot

Android	 To cancel, tap on the screen outside the box.
Apple	 To cancel, tap on **Cancel**.

Available power control functions are:

- **Restart:** restart the VeeaHub
- **Shutdown:** shut down the VeeaHub
- **Recover:** the VeeaHub will do a recovery or reinstall of the software. See Figure 33.

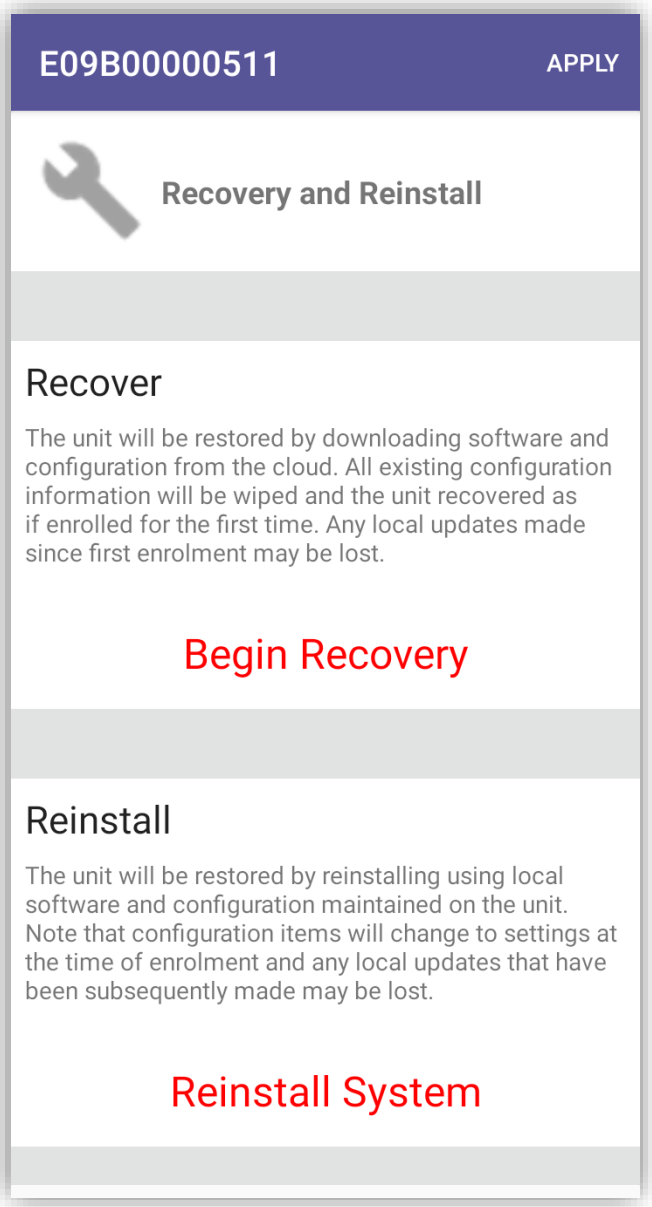
Recover: The VeeaHub is restored by downloading software and configuration from the cloud. All the existing configuration information is wiped, and the VeeaHub is restored as if it had been added for the first time. Any local updates made since the VeeaHub was first added may be lost.

- Tap **Begin Recovery** to initiate the Recovery procedure.

Reinstall: The VeeaHub is restored by reinstalling from software and configuration maintained on the unit. Configuration settings are changed to settings at the time when the VeeaHub was added to your account, and any local updates made after that may be lost.

- Tap **Reinstall System** to initiate the Reinstall procedure.

Figure 33 – Recovery and Reinstall

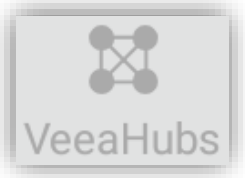


5. Removing a VeeaHub from your Account

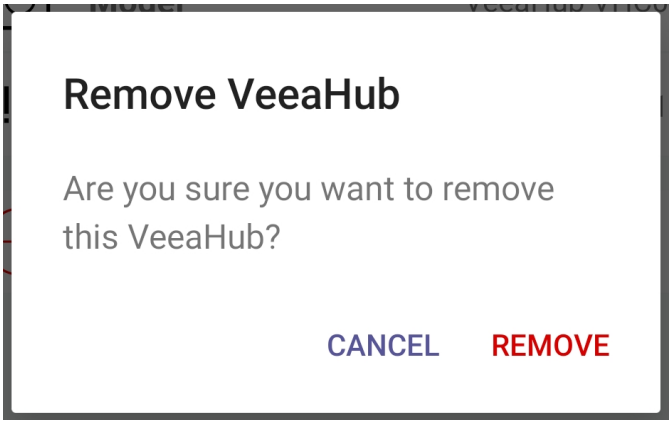
You can remove a VeeaHub from your account using VeeaHub Manager.

This enables the VeeaHub to be added under a different account or for its role to be changed from gateway node (MEN) to edge node (MN).

1. Log in to VeeaHub Manager.
2. Tap the VeeaHubs icon on the Home screen (Figure 6).



3. Select the network from My Meshes (Figure 7).
4. From the listed VeeaHubs, select the node you wish to remove (Figure 8).
5. On the Dashboard (Figure 11), tap **Remove VeeaHub**.
   You are prompted to confirm this:



Before you can remove a gateway VeeaHub (MEN) from a mesh, you must either remove the other nodes, or assign as gateway another VeeaHub in the mesh (section 4.14).

You must also remove any packages that have been installed on the VeeaHub.

---

6. LAN Configuration

6.1. Default Configuration

When a VeeaHub is enrolled as the first unit in the network, it automatically becomes the gateway VeeaHub, which also has management functions on the network. The LAN is established with the defaults in the table below, using the gateway option above. These settings can be changed using the relevant screens in VeeaHub Manager or Enterprise Center.

LAN Attribute	Notes
WAN Interface	The WAN interface used for the LAN is the interface that is connected to the Internet when the VeeaHub is enrolled.
Mode	Routed (NAT)
Internal DHCP	Enabled
Wi-Fi Access Points	First Wi-Fi entry for 2.4GHz and 5GHz. See below.
Ethernet Ports	All ports (other than the Gateway WAN interface) are configured as LAN by default, on the single subnet.
DNS Lease Time (minutes)	60
Default LAN	10.100.1.0/24
Guest Wi-Fi	10.100.2.0/24
Public Wi-Fi	10.100.5.0/24
LAN 3	10.100.3.0/24 - optional reserved
LAN 4	10.100.4.0/24 - optional reserved
Layer 3 Mesh (internal use)	10.101.0.0/16
Layer 3 Local (internal use)	10.102.0.0/16 (mesh internal prefix)
Docker	172.17.0.0/24
	172.18.0.0/24
LoRaWAN	169.254.0.0/16
Privafy	
<future>	

The port used for WAN connection is configured on power up. The physical connection can be changed, then the hub can be restarted.

The default for the first Wi-Fi entry is an SSID that matches the mesh name chosen when the first VeeaHub on the network is enrolled. For example, if the mesh name given during enrollment is ‘MyNetwork’, the first user SSID is also ‘MyNetwork’. The mesh name can be changed in the vMesh Configuration screen of VeeaHub Manager, or the network name in the Network Configuration tab of Enterprise Center.

This SSID is configured across the VeeaHub network, so any other VeeaHubs in the same network also have a Wi-Fi access point with a ‘MyNetwork’ SSID, for both the 2.4GHz radio and 5GHz radio.

Note: On a VHE09/10, the 5GHz AP is enabled by default. On a VHC05, the 5GHz AP can only be enabled if the wireless mesh used to connect peer VeeaHubs is first disabled.

Note: Failover is available only on a LAN configured as Routed (the default). Failover is not supported in Bridged mode.

6.2. IP Conflict Resolution

The VeeaHub platform uses specific IP ranges for internal purposes. These default LAN and guest and public Wi-Fi ranges can be manually configured, if required for specific purposes.

In the event that the gateway hub detects a conflict with the IP addresses on the WAN it can switch automatically to the alternate IP ranges listed below.

Subnet	Alias	Principal	Alternate
Default LAN	shared:trusted	10.100.1.0/24	172.20.1.0/24
Guest Wi-Fi	shared:guest	10.100.2.0/24	172.20.2.0/24
Public Wi-Fi	Shared:public	10.100.5.0/24	172.20.5.0/24
L3 standard		10.101.0.0/16	172.21.0.0/16
L3 alternate		10.102.0.0/16	172.22.0.0/16

A LAN is switched to its alternate subnet if a WAN interface for the LAN is in conflict, and the subnet has been automatically assigned.

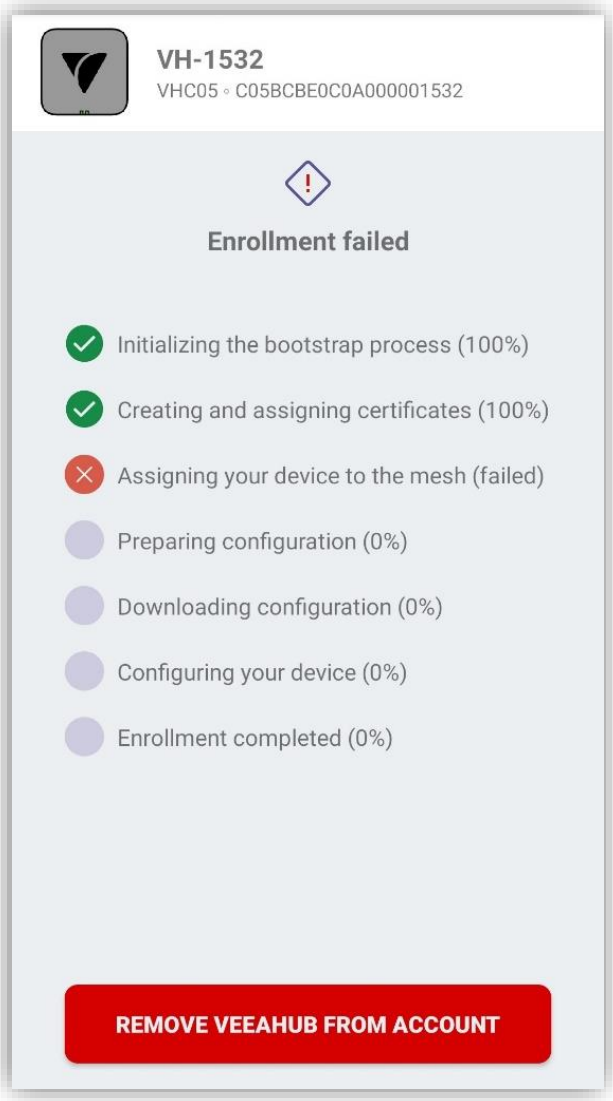
If the subnet has been manually assigned, and a WAN interface is in conflict, the LAN is marked as non-operational. If a LAN is non-operational, this is reported in Node Manager and in VeeaHub Manager.

7. Troubleshooting

7.1. Failed Adding the VeeaHub

If the process fails while you are adding the VeeaHub to your account (section 2.2), an error message appears showing the stage at which the failure occurred (Figure 34).

Figure 34 – Example Error Screen



Click on the **Remove VeeaHub from Account** button to start the process again.

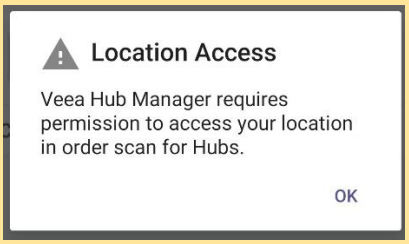
7.2. Difficulty connecting to your VeeaHub using VeeaHub Manager

If you are having problems connecting to your VeeaHub, here are some possible solutions.

- **Make sure that you are close enough to the VeeaHub**

If VHM does not connect, this may be caused by wireless interference. Try moving your mobile device closer to the VeeaHub. If this happens repeatedly, the next time you have a connection set the 2.4GHz channel to another value that may be less prone to interference (see section 4.1.2).

- **Make sure that your Location setting is enabled**

Android	On first login, or if the permission is lost, VeeaHub Manager will display a warning message that you must acknowledge by tapping **OK**.  The operating system will prompt you for your permission.

- **Make sure that you do not have a Virtual Private Network (VPN) running on your mobile device.**

A VPN makes it impossible for the device to connect to the VeeaHub.

- **Go back to the My Meshes screen before trying again.**

7.3. DHCP Conflict

If the message 'DHCP conflict' is displayed on the Physical Ports configuration screen against an Ethernet port configured as LAN, this means that another DHCP server has been detected on the LAN. This is an error situation.

First, you must resolve the error by removing the DHCP server. This may require intervention by the network administration. Or if the cable has been connected incorrectly, reconnect it in correct configuration.

To subsequently clear the error status, disable and re-enable the port, or remove the cable from the port and reconnect it.

8. Technical Support

Before contacting Technical Support, please consult the documentation, tutorials, and community topics available on the support web site www.veea.com/support/. Please sign up, if you don't already have an account, and sign in.

For unresolved queries, click on the Submit a request link located near the top of the screen.

Please complete the form with an appropriate subject, and as much detail as possible in the description field. Please include any relevant information such as Veea hardware serial numbers, logs, screenshots, etc.

An email will automatically be sent to your registered email address to confirm the request has been received.